



SUSY 2013



# TOP QUARK PROPERTIES IN ATLAS

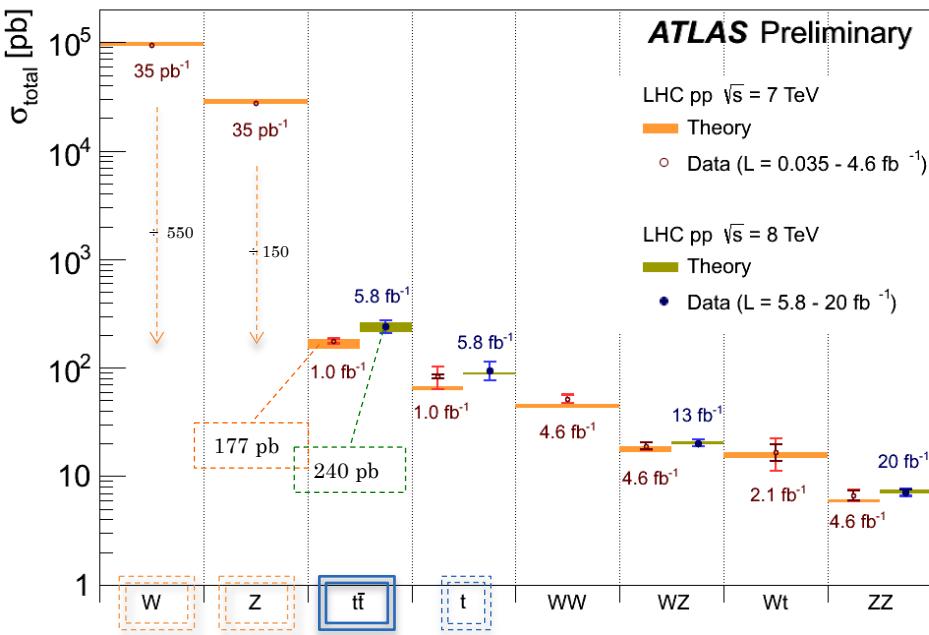
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M.Bosman (IFAE Barcelona)

on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

SUSY 2013 - ICTP Trieste

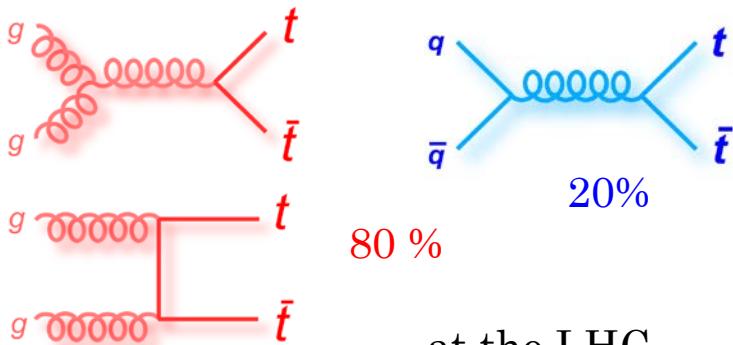
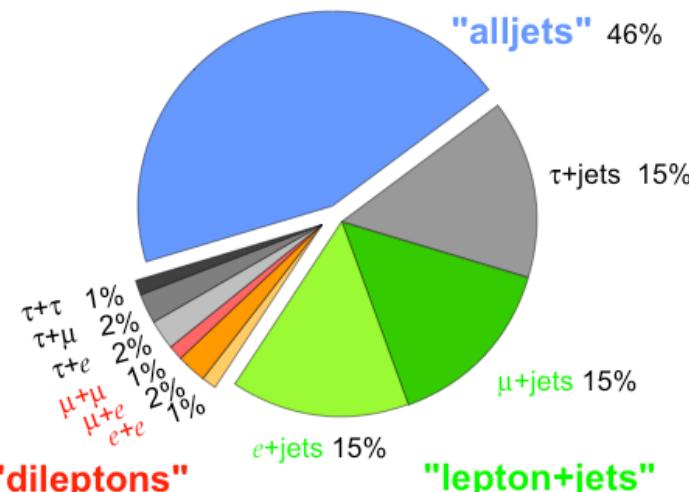
# TOP QUARK PRODUCTION IN SM



$\text{Br} (\text{t} \rightarrow \text{Wb}) \cong 99.8\%$

W decays define the experimental signature

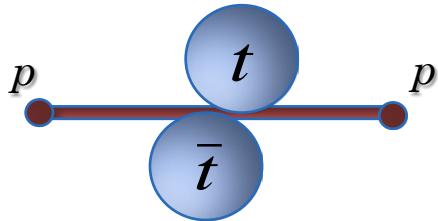
## Top Pair Branching Fractions



**all jets:** high rate, large QCD multijet background  
**lepton+jets:** medium rate, acceptable background (W+jets)  
**dilepton:** low rate, low background (Z+jets, Diboson)

# OUTLINE

The properties presented are mostly measured in top-antitop events in the lepton+jets and dilepton channels with  $l=e,\mu$



in the properties of  
ttbar pairs

charge  
asymmetry

spin correlation

top polarization

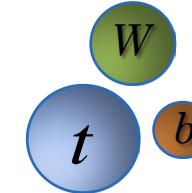
couplings ( $t\gamma/\gamma Z$ )



in the properties of  
individual top  
quarks

charge

mass



in the properties of  
top quarks decays

**W polarization**

**FCNC**  
( $t \rightarrow Zq; t \rightarrow cH$ )

top quark decays before hadronizing:  
can measure “bare” quark” properties !

- Event selection (lepton+jets, dilepton)
  - single lepton trigger
  - 1 or 2 isolated high  $p_T$  leptons ( $p_T > 20/25 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $|\eta| < 2.5$ )
  - MET  $> 20/35 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $> 60 \text{ GeV}$
  - at least 4 or 2 anti- $k_T$  ( $R=0.4$ ) jets ( $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $|\eta| < 2.5$ )
  - at least 1 b-tagged jet (70% efficiency for b-quark)
- Background rejection
  - QCD multijet:  $m_T^W > 25 \text{ GeV}$  or MET+ $m_T^W > 60 \text{ GeV}$
  - Z+jets:  $m_{ll}$  veto or  $H_T > 130 \text{ GeV}$
- Background estimate
  - Fake leptons (multijet, W+jets): data-driven shape and normalization, usually from matrix method
  - W+jets: shape from MC and data-driven normalization from charge asymmetry:  $N_{W^+ + W^-} = (r_{MC} + 1) / (R_{MC} - 1) \times (D^+ - D^-)$
  - Z+jets: shape from MC and data-driven normalization from  $m_{ll}$  around the Z mass

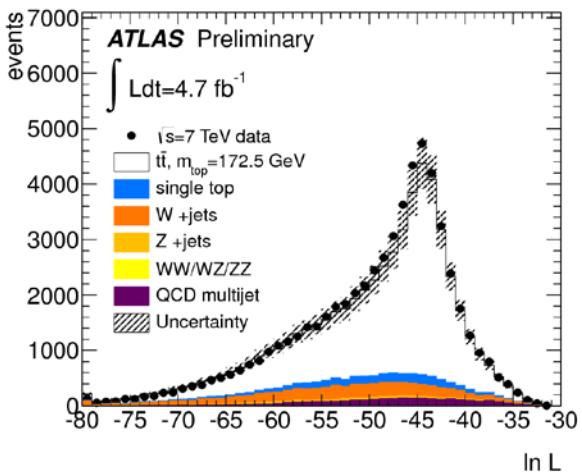
# EVENT RECONSTRUCTION

- reconstruction of the full kinematics of top pair in many analysis
- lepton + jets events:** for example a kinematic likelihood fitter selects object topology that best fits top quark pair decay hypothesis

reco objects mapped to hard scatt. partons via LO transfert function ( $T$ )

Breit Wigner ( $B$ ) constraints  $\Gamma_{\text{top}}(\Gamma_W)$  for  $m_{\text{top}}^{\text{reco}}$  ( $m_W^{\text{reco}}$ ) for had & lep sides

reduce combinatorics b-tagging info ( $P$ )



$$\begin{aligned}
 L = & B(\tilde{E}_{p,1}, \tilde{E}_{p,2} | m_W, \Gamma_W) \cdot B(\tilde{E}_{\text{lep}}, \tilde{E}_\nu | m_W, \Gamma_W) \cdot \\
 & B(\tilde{E}_{p,1}, \tilde{E}_{p,2}, \tilde{E}_{p,3} | m_t, \Gamma_t) \cdot B(\tilde{E}_{\text{lep}}, \tilde{E}_\nu, \tilde{E}_{p,4} | m_t, \Gamma_t) \cdot \\
 & T(\hat{E}_x^{\text{miss}} | \tilde{p}_{x,\nu}) \cdot T(\hat{E}_x^{\text{miss}} | \tilde{p}_{x,\nu}) \cdot T(\hat{E}_{\text{lep}} | \tilde{E}_{\text{lep}}) \cdot \\
 & \prod_{i=1}^4 T(\hat{E}_{\text{jet},i} | \tilde{E}_{p,i}) \cdot \prod_{i=1}^4 P(\text{tagged} | \text{parton.flavour})
 \end{aligned}$$

example: in the  $m_{\text{top}}$  analysis the reconstructed top mass done with correct assignment of jets to partons in more than 70% of the cases

- dilepton events:** different methods used to select combination and determine neutrino momenta

## SYSTEMATIC UNCERTAINTIES

All top analysis consider the following sources

- **Detector modelling**

- Efficiency and resolution for reconstruction and identification of all physics objects

Some of the most relevant are Jet Energy Scale for light jets (JES) and b-jets (bJES)

- Luminosity and pile-up dependence

- **Signal and background modelling**

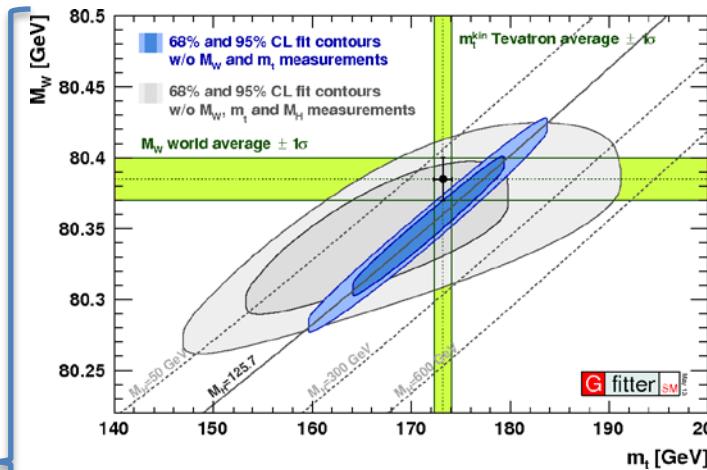
- MC generators (NLO), QCD radiation, PDFs, top mass, etc.
  - improved MC description – constraints from data
- Background normalization/shape (cross section or statistics of control sample), fraction of heavy flavour jets

- **Analysis specific**

- Statistics of MC templates, charge misidentification, etc.

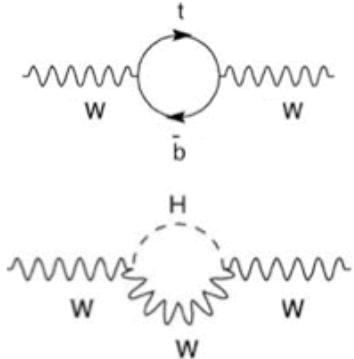
# TOP MASS MEASUREMENT

[http://gfitter.desy.de/Standard\\_Model/](http://gfitter.desy.de/Standard_Model/)



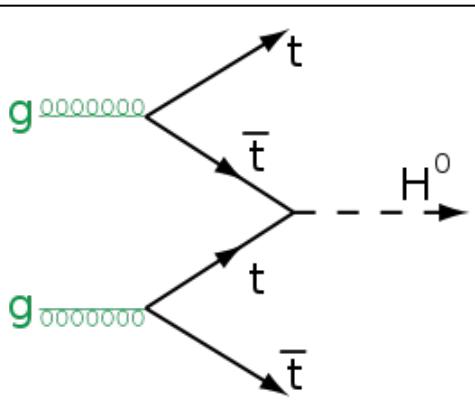
- top quark mass crucial input for consistency check of SM:

top, W and H mass are related



- check Higgs mechanism for fermion masses:

measure independently mass and Yukawa coupling ttH

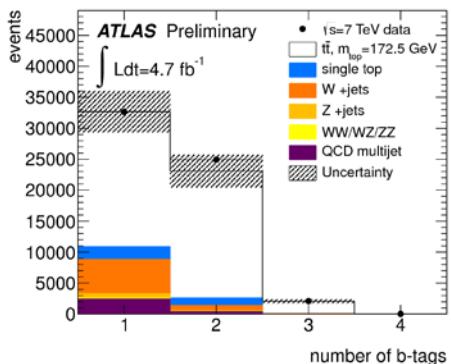


distinguish SM from possible extensions, like MSSM

SM: bring insight into stability of vacuum and the evolution of the universe

- top mass is also a source of uncertainty in the calculation of cross-section: 1% on top mass, 5% on cross-section

analyse events with  
1 b-tag and  $\geq 2$  b-tags  
separately



events with  $\geq 2$  b-tags

$$R_{lb}^{reco} = \frac{p_T^{b\text{-tag},1} + p_T^{b\text{-tag},2}}{p_T^{light,1} + p_T^{light,2}}$$

events with 1 b-tag

$$R_{lb}^{reco} = \frac{p_T^{b\text{-tag}}}{(p_T^{light,1} + p_T^{light,2})/2}$$

## observable 1 = $m_{top}^{reco}$

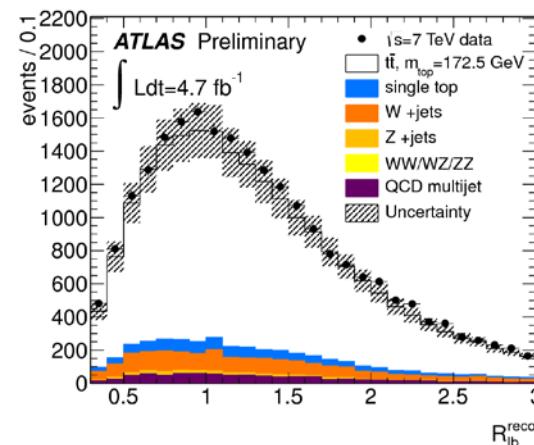
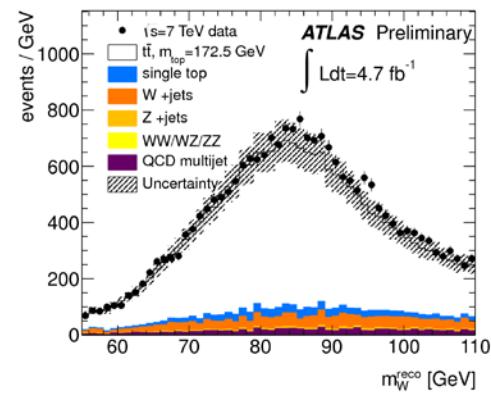
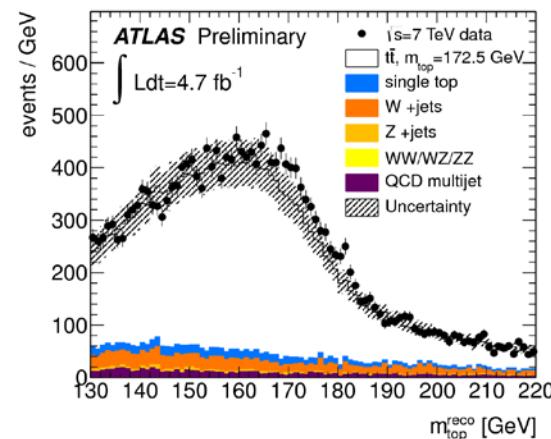
- sensitive to “input  $m_{top}$ ”
- but also to
  - JSF: global jet energy scale factor
  - bJSF: relative b-jet to light jet scale factor

## observable 2 = $m_W^{reco}$

- sensitive to JSF

## observable 3 = $R_{lb}^{reco}$

- sensitive to bJSF

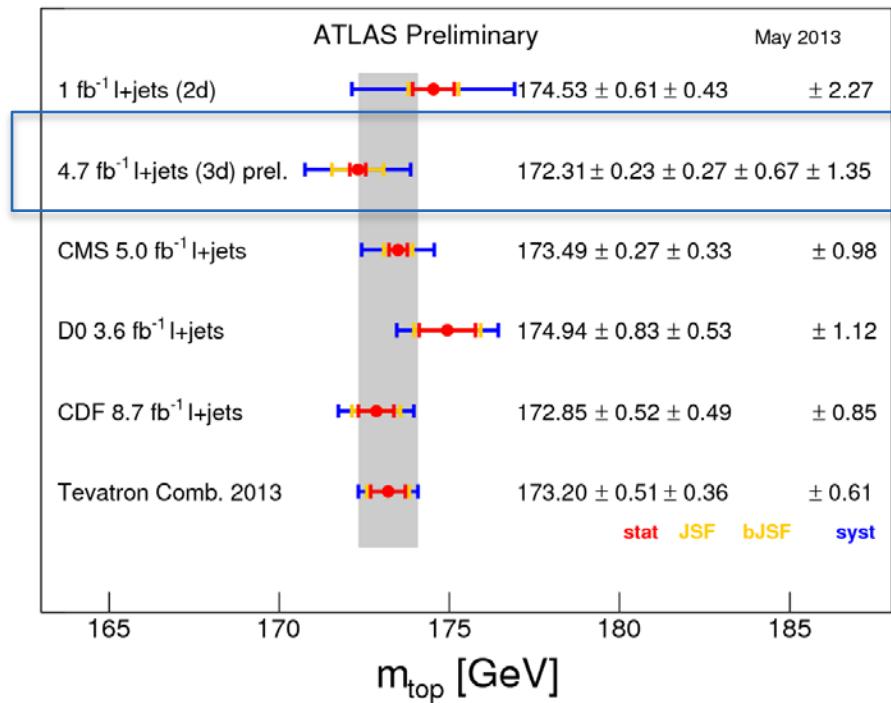


$$m_{top} = 172.31 \pm 0.75 \text{ (stat+JSF+bJSF)} \pm 1.35 \text{ (syst) GeV},$$

$$\text{JSF} = 1.014 \pm 0.003 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.021 \text{ (syst)},$$

$$\text{bJSF} = 1.006 \pm 0.008 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.020 \text{ (syst)}$$

compared to ATLAS 1  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  paper:  
 uncertainty has been reduced  
 from 2.4 GeV to 1.5 GeV (40%)  
 due to improvements in the  
 analysis, MC modelling  
 (constraint from data), detector  
 understanding



total uncertainty dominated by:

- residual JES
- b-tagging systematic

# TOP MASS - DILEPTON

[ATLAS-CONF-2013-077](#)

27/8/13

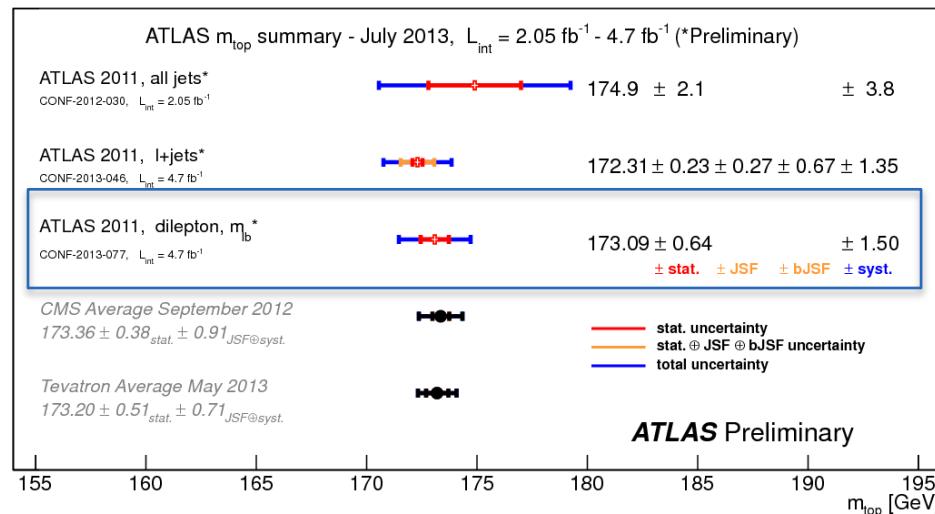
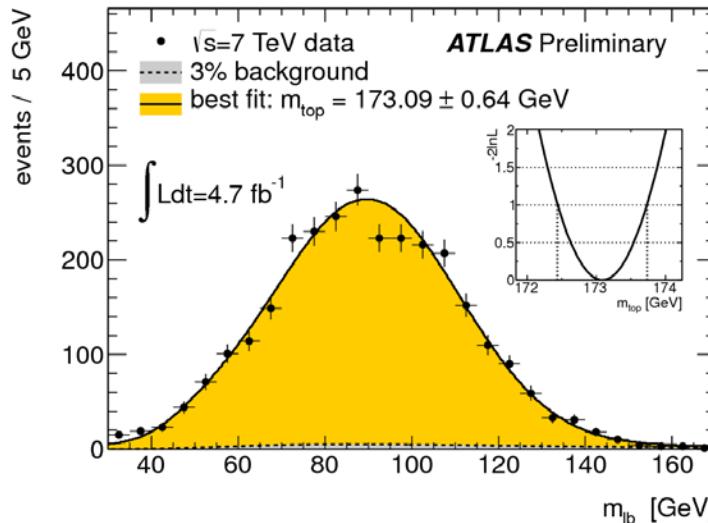
M.Bosman SUSY 2013 Top quark properties in ATLAS

$$m_{\text{top}} = 173.0 \pm 0.64 \text{ (stat)} \pm 1.50 \text{ (syst) GeV}$$

$m_{lb}$  = invariant mass of lepton and b-tagged jet:  
 2 leptons and 2 b-tagged jets combination leading to lowest average mass chosen  
 77% correct assignment

JSF,bJSF: largest contribution to systematic uncertainty – 80% expected since no in-situ calibration

precision better than 1%, competitive with 1+jets 3D analysis



Expect improved precision in the next LHC combination !

# TOP CHARGE

- $l+jets$  events with 2 high purity b-jets
- b quark charge determined from weighted sum of tracks associated to b-jet:

$$Q_{b-jet} = \frac{\sum_i Q_i |j \cdot p_i|^\kappa}{\prod_i |j \cdot p_i|^\kappa}$$

- algorithm to pair  $l$  and b-jets:  
 $m(l, b_{jet}(1,2)) < m_{cr}$     $m(l, b_{jet}(2,1)) > m_{cr}$        $m_{cr} = 155 GeV$
- top quark charge obtained from calibrated b-jet charge

$$Q_{top} = 1 + Q_{comb}^{data} \cdot C_b$$

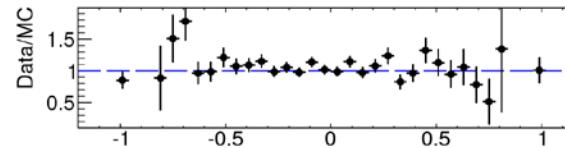
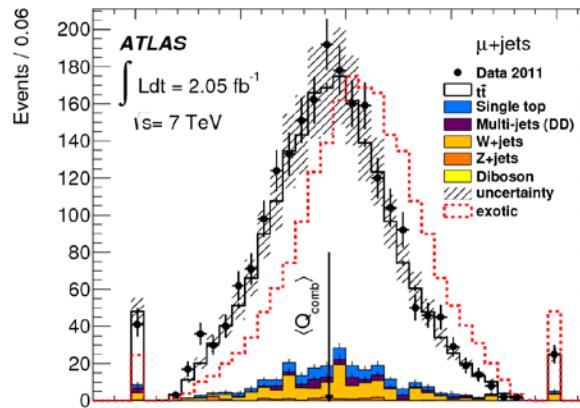
**$Q_{top} = 0.64 \pm 0.02 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.12 \text{ (syst)}$**

dominating syst: JES and top modelling

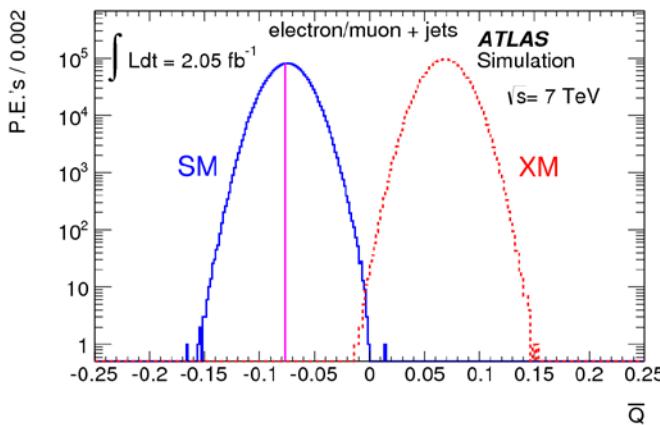
- compatibility with top or exotic quark from stat. model (pseudo-experiments)

$$t^{(2/3)} \rightarrow W^{(+1)} + b^{(-1/3)} \quad t_X^{(-4/3)} \rightarrow W^{(-1)} + b^{(-1/3)}$$

**Exotic model excluded  $> 8\sigma$**



$$Q_{comb} = Q_{b-jet} \cdot Q_l$$



$$\bar{Q} = (1 - r_b - r_t) \cdot Q_s + r_b \cdot Q_b + r_t \cdot Q_t$$

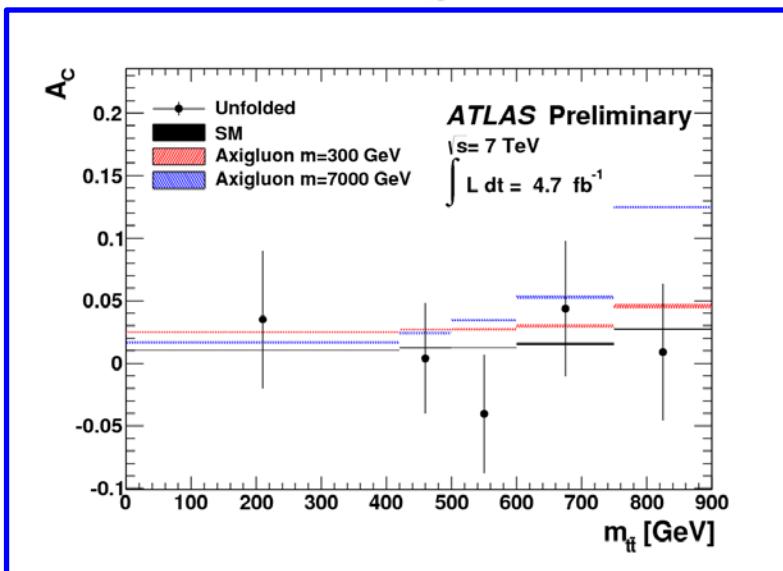
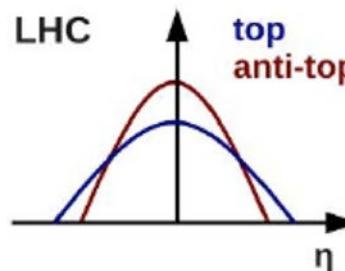
$r_b, r_t$ : frac. background, single top

- $qg/q\bar{q}$  production of  $t\bar{t}$   
 $t$  emitted in direction of  $[q]$  and  $[\bar{t}]$  of  $[\bar{q}]$
- $gg$  symmetric,  $q\bar{q}$  asymmetric at NLO

$$A_c = \frac{N(\Delta |y| > 0) - N(\Delta |y| < 0)}{N(\Delta |y| > 0) + N(\Delta |y| < 0)}$$

$t\bar{t}$  asymmetry:  $\Delta |y| = |y_t| - |\bar{y}_{\bar{t}}|$

( $l$  asymmetry:  $\Delta |y| = |y_{l^+}| - |\bar{y}_{l^-}|$ )



**$t+jets$  events:** measure top quark based asymmetry with full bayesian unfolding of detector effects

Inclusive result

SM

$$A_c^{t\bar{t}} = 0.006 \pm 0.010 (\text{stat + syst})$$

$$A_c^{t\bar{t}} = 0.0123 \pm 0.0005$$

Differential measurement:  $m(t\bar{t}), p_T(t\bar{t}), y(t\bar{t}), \beta_z(t\bar{t})$

- **dilepton channel**

measure lepton and top quark based asymmetry

correct for detector effects using calibration

use ME to reconstruct  $t$  and  $\bar{t}$

- **Inclusive asymmetry results**

$$A_c^{ll} = 0.023 \pm 0.012(\text{stat}) \pm 0.008(\text{syst})$$

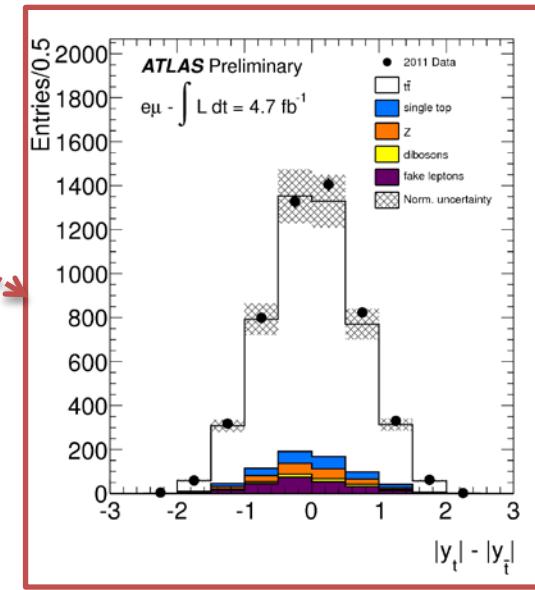
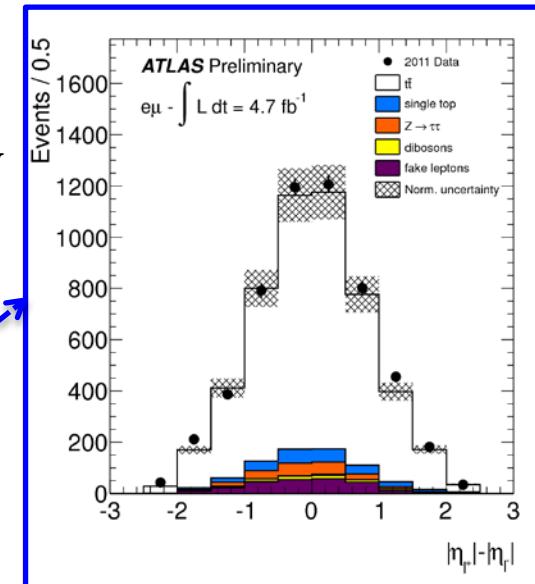
$$A_c^{ll} = 0.004 \pm 0.001$$

$$A_c^{t\bar{t}} = 0.057 \pm 0.024(\text{stat}) \pm 0.015(\text{syst})$$

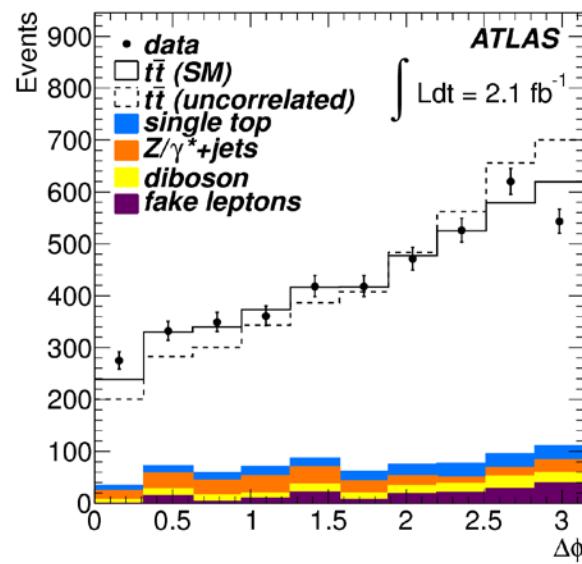
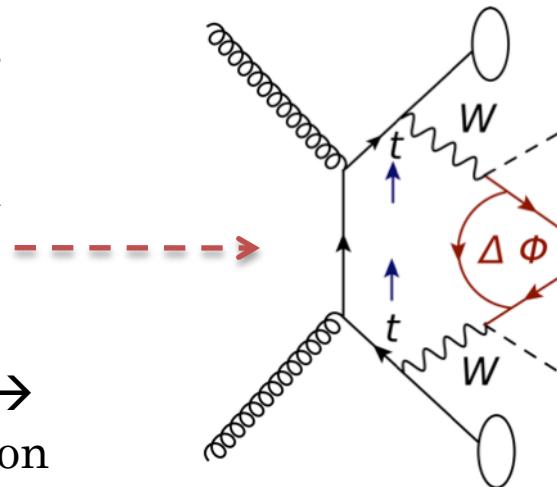
$$A_c^{t\bar{t}} = 0.0123 \pm 0.0005$$

- dilepton - main systematic: QCD, calibration,  $t\bar{t}$  modelling
- $l+jets$  (syst < stat) – main systematic: JES and resolution

All measurements compatible with SM



- top quark decays before hadronizing; spin of the top quark at production is transferred to its decay products: azimuthal angle between leptons in dilepton events
- SM**: at low  $m_{t\bar{t}}$  fusion of like-helicity gluons  $\rightarrow$  top quarks in L-L or R-R helicity configuration  
**BSM**: exchange of a virtual heavy scalar Higgs boson  $\rightarrow$  different spin correlation
- $f_{SM}$  = fraction of events with SM-like spin correlation extracted from binned template fit of  $\Delta\phi$  distribution to samples with  $\neq$  fractions
- $$f_{SM} = 1.30 \pm 0.14(stat)^{+0.27}_{-0.22}(syst)$$
- exclude no-correlation hypothesis with 5.1 significance



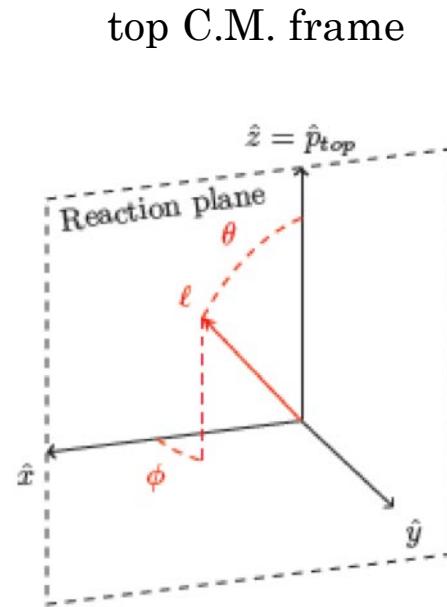
main systematics  
JES, fake lepton

- SM: top quarks produced unpolarized  
test for polarization with  $\neq$  assumptions:  
CP-violating/conserving  
top/antitop with equal/opposite polarization
- full reconstruction to determine the top quark CM frame
- decay product distribution in helicity frame:  $p_{\text{top}} = \text{quantization axis}$ 

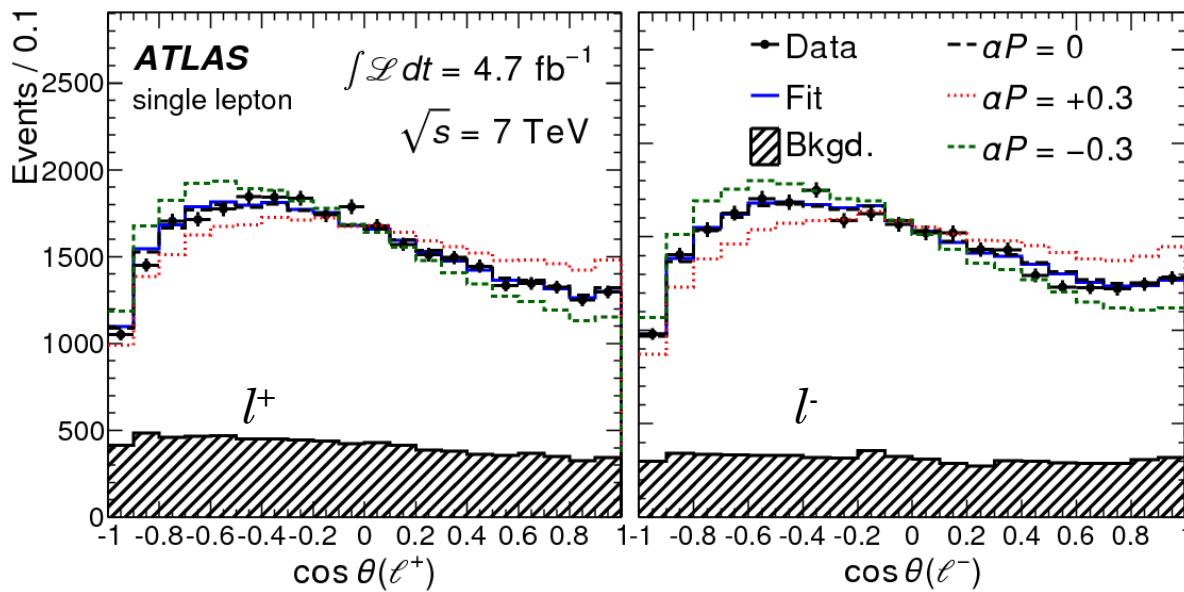
$$W(\cos\theta_l) = 1/2(1 + \alpha_l P \cos\theta_l)$$

$P$  = degree of polarization  
 $\alpha$  = analyzing power (=1 for lepton at tree level)
- template fit to  $\cos\theta_l$  distribution  
 $f$  = fraction of positively polarized top quarks  
 templates are generated with  $\alpha P = 0.3$ 

→ 
$$\alpha_l P = 0.6f - 0.3$$



example:  $e, \mu + \text{jets}$  CP Conserving



$$\alpha_l P_{CPC} = -0.035 \pm 0.014(\text{stat}) \pm 0.037(\text{syst})$$

$$\alpha_l P_{CPV} = 0.020 \pm 0.016(\text{stat})^{+0.013}_{-0.017}(\text{syst})$$

data compatible with unpolarized top quarks  
 main systematics: jet reconstruction and top pair modelling

# W POLARIZATION

- study Wtb vertex

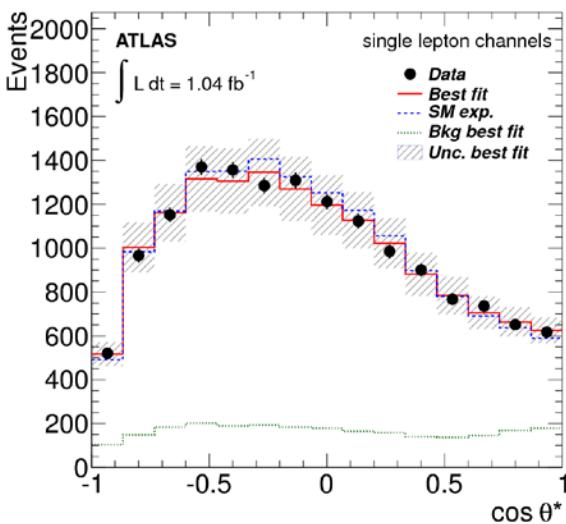
measure fraction of longitudinally,  
left- and right-handed polarized Ws

NNLO QCD:  $F_0=0.687\pm0.005$   $F_L=0.311\pm0.005$   $F_R=0.0017\pm0.0001$

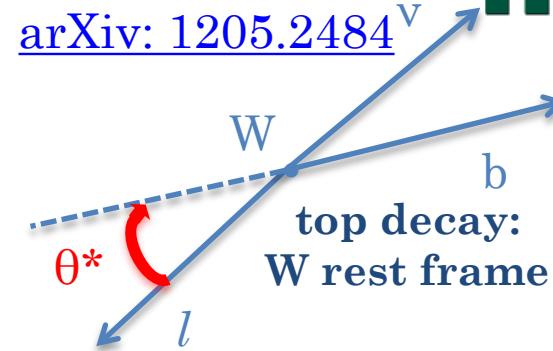
- $l+jets$  and dilepton events, full reconstruction

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\theta^*} = \frac{3}{4}(1 - \cos^2\theta^*)F_0 + \frac{3}{8}(1 - \cos\theta^*)^2 F_L + \frac{3}{8}(1 + \cos\theta^*)^2 F_R$$

measured  $\cos\theta^*$  distribution  
fitted to templates

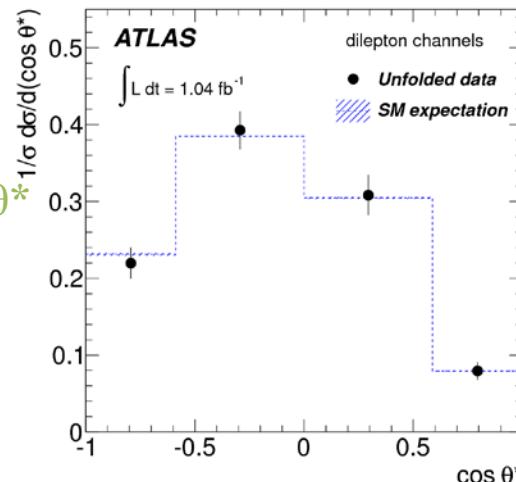


$A_{\pm}$ : unfolded  $\cos\theta^*$   
distribution



$$A_{\pm} = \frac{N(\cos\theta^* > z) - N(\cos\theta^* < z)}{N(\cos\theta^* > z) + N(\cos\theta^* < z)}$$

$z = \pm(1 - 2^{2/3})$

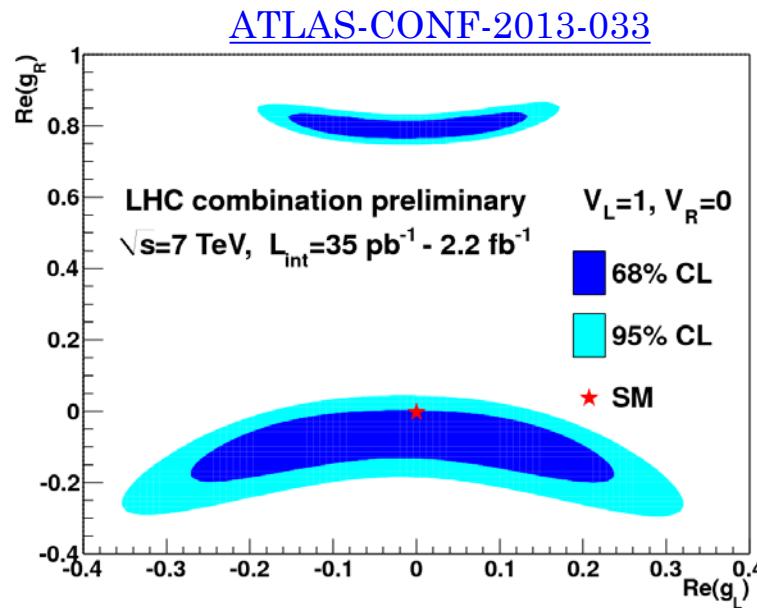
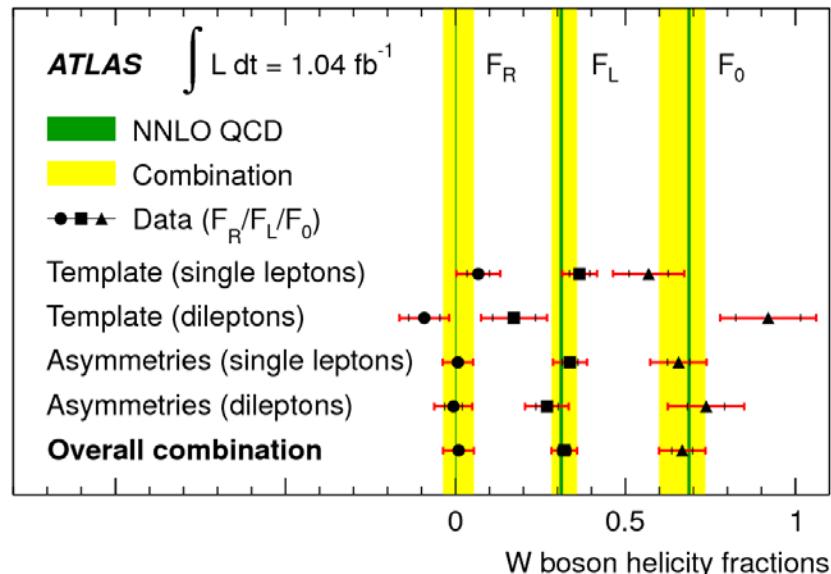


- results of the 4 measurements combined with BLUE
- mostly dominated by systematic uncertainties: signal and background modelling, JES and jet reconstruction  
agreement with **SM** NNLO QCD more precise than CDF, D0

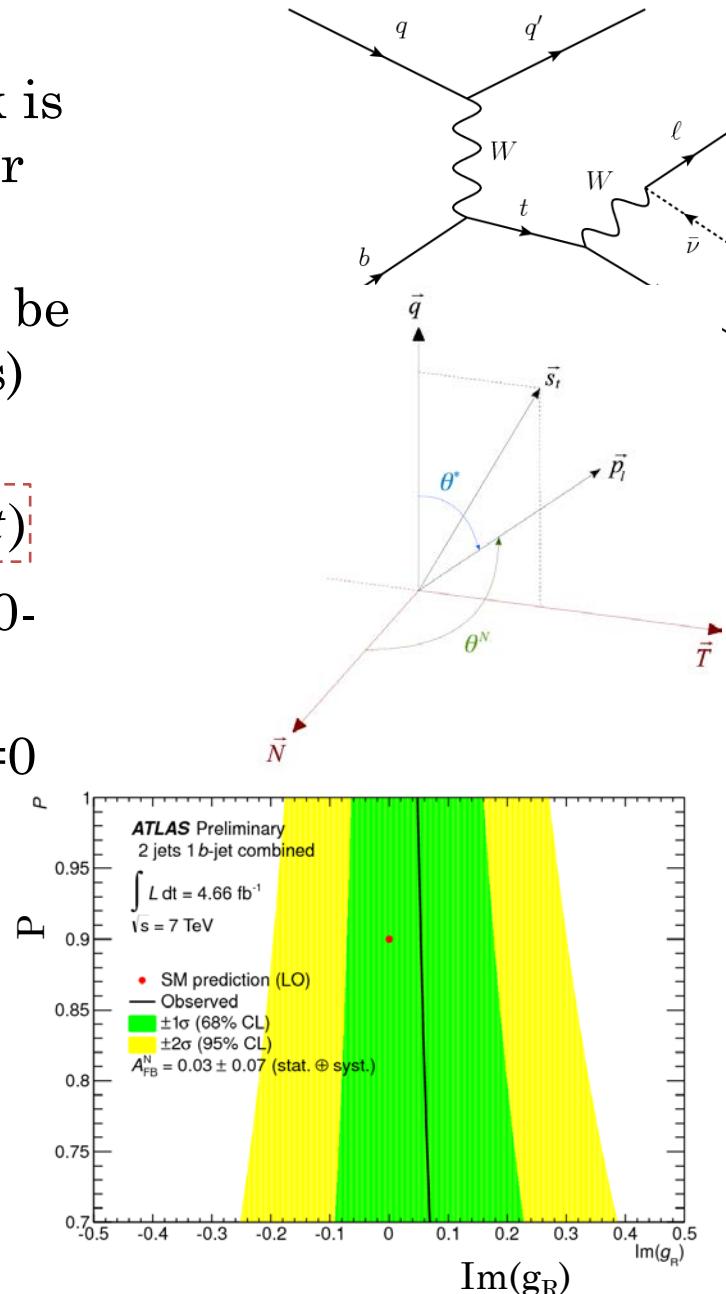
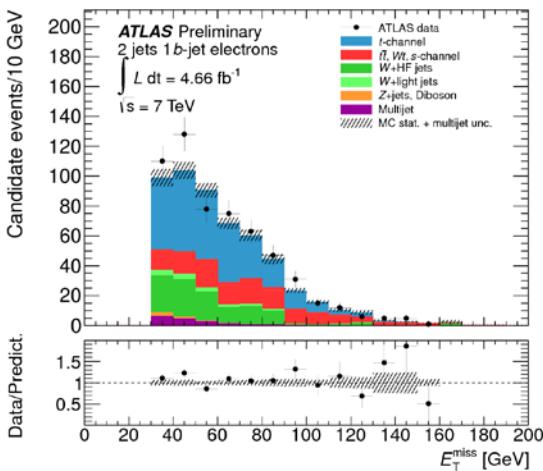
- results interpreted in terms of **BSM** physics introducing anomalous couplings in the effective Lagrangian:  $V_R$ ,  $g_L$ ,  $g_R$

$$\boxed{L_{Wtb} = -\frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{b} \gamma^\mu (V_L P_L + V_R P_R) t W_\mu^- - \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{b} \frac{i \sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{M_W} (g_L P_L + g_R P_R) t W_\mu^- + h.c.}$$

consistent with (V-A) structure



- EW single top production: top quark is polarized along direction of spectator quark ( $P \approx 0.9$  in SM)
  - other reference direction / angle can be defined (sensitive to complex phases)
  - $A_{FB}^N = 0.64 \times P \times \text{Im}(g_R)$
  - $A_{FB}^N = 0.031 \pm 0.065(\text{stat}) \pm ^{+0.029}_{-0.031}(\text{syst})$
  - first experimental limit on  $\text{Im}(g_R)$  [-0.20, 0.30] at 95% C.L. (for  $P=0.9$ )
- SM prediction LO:  $P=0.9$  and  $\text{Im}(g_R)=0$

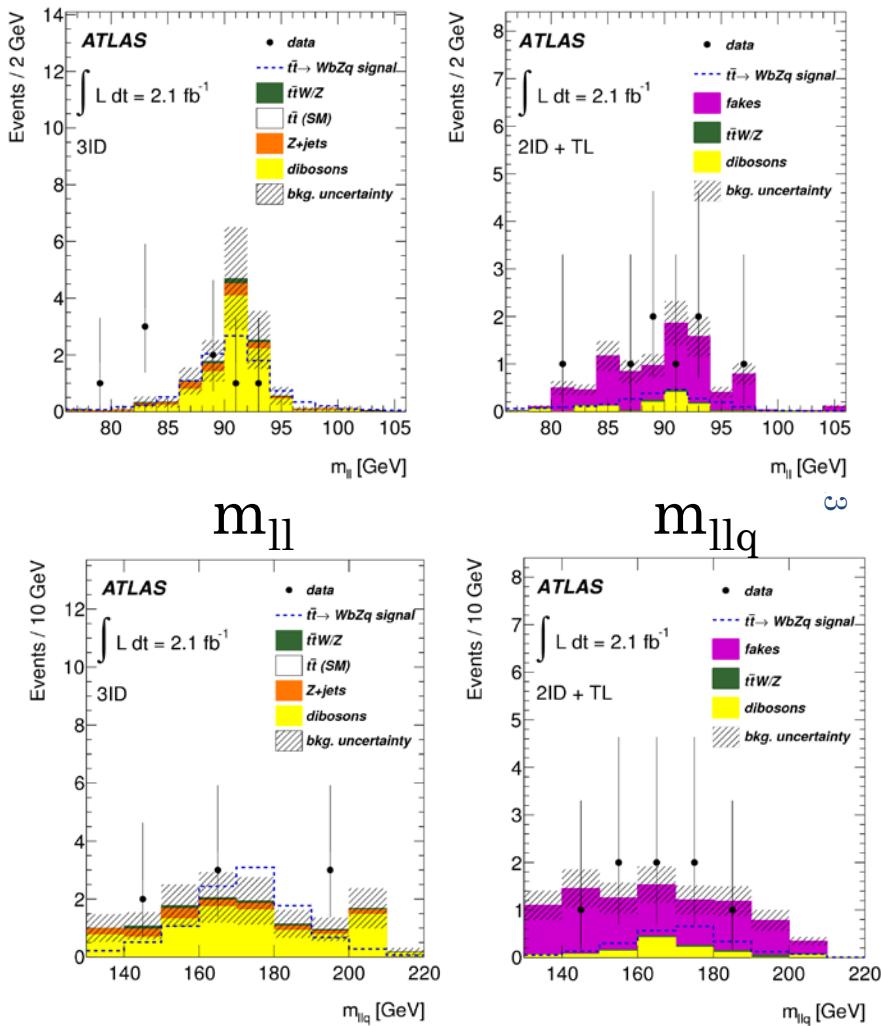


- Search for  $t \rightarrow Zq$  FCNC decay
  - Expected B.R. in SM:  $O(10^{-14})$
  - Highest expected B.R. in BSM models  $O(10^{-4})$
- trilepton final state:
  - 3 identified leptons (3ID)
  - 2 identified leptons + track lepton (2ID+TL)

channel	observed	( $-1\sigma$ )	expected	( $+1\sigma$ )
3ID	0.81%	0.63%	0.95%	1.4%
2ID+TL	3.2%	2.15%	3.31%	4.9%
Combination	0.73%	0.61%	0.93%	1.4%

95% C.L. limit on FCNC BR( $t \rightarrow Zq$ )  
 observed 0.73%  
 (expected 0.93%)

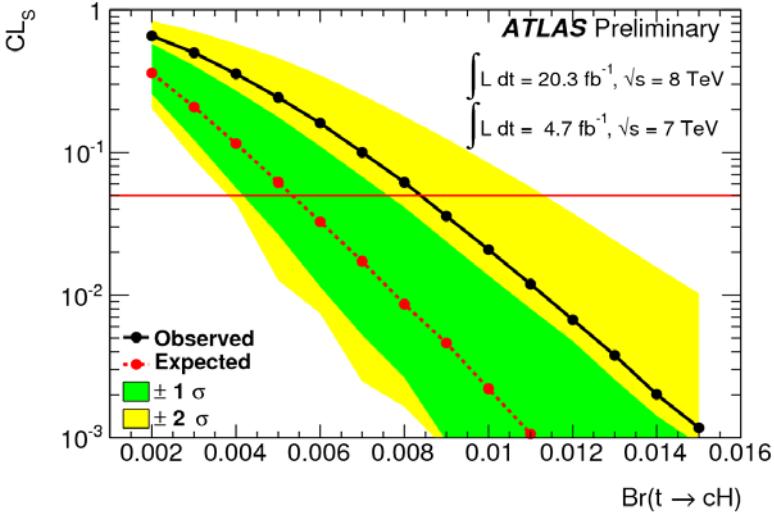
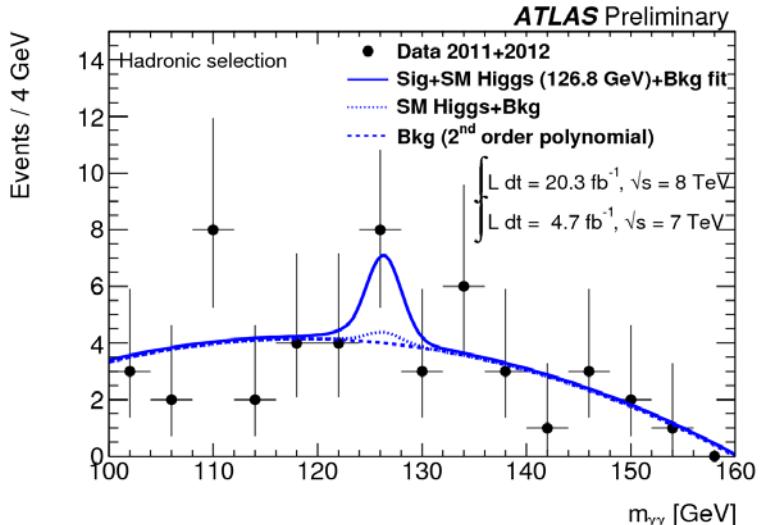
- main systematics:
  - Diboson for 3ID
  - fake TL for 2ID+TL



# FCNC: $t \rightarrow cH$

- Search for  $t \rightarrow cH$  FCNC decay
  - Expected B.R. in SM:  $O(10^{-15})$
  - Highest expected B.R. in BSM models  $O(10^{-3})$
- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ :  $\text{Br} = 0.23\%$ , but clean signature  
other top: hadronic and  $l+jets$  decay modes
- 95% C.L. limit on FCNC  $\text{BR}(t \rightarrow cH)$   
observed 0.83%  
(expected 0.53%)
- for SM top width  $\lambda_{tcH} = 1.91\sqrt{Br}$   
upper limit on  $tcH$  coupling  
observed 0.17  
(expected 0.14)
- main systematics PID, JES and b-tagging

[ATLAS-CONF-2013-081](#)



## $t\bar{t}Z$ production

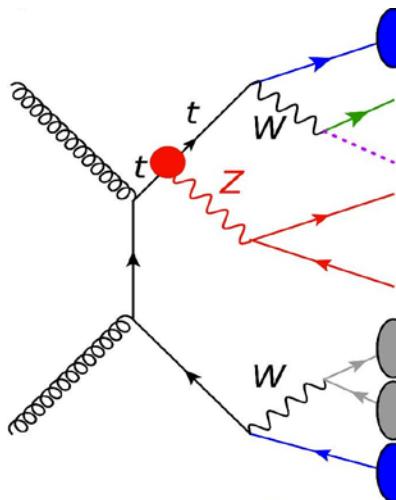
- trilepton final state  
cut & count analysis
- 1 event observed  
expected signal:  
 $0.85 \pm 0.04(\text{stat}) \pm 0.14(\text{syst})$
- expected background:  
 $0.28 \pm 0.05(\text{stat}) \pm 0.14(\text{syst})$
- result:

$$\sigma(t\bar{t}Z) < 0.71 \text{ pb} @ 95\% \text{ C.L.}$$

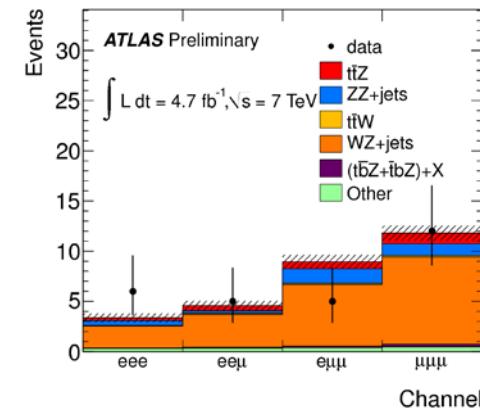
compatible with SM expectation

$$\sigma(t\bar{t}Z) = 0.14 \text{ pb} @ \text{NLO}$$

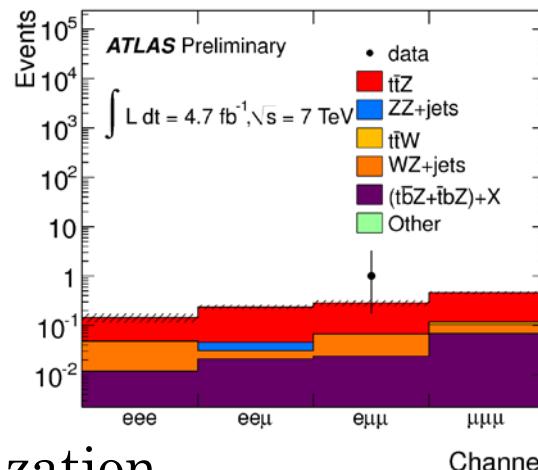
main systematics: background normalization



control region  
no  $ll$  cut



signal region



N.B. measurement ( $1\text{fb}^{-1}$ )  $t\bar{t}\gamma$  production compatible with SM

## CONCLUSION

- many measurements of top quark properties performed at ATLAS exploiting large sample of top pairs  $l+jets$  and dilepton final states with low background
  - data-driven estimate of major background
  - full kinematic reconstruction used in many analysis
- results are compatible with SM
- many measurements already dominated by systematics
  - more sophisticated measurements and constraints from data help to improve the precision:
    - for example in the case of  $m_{top}$  measurement
  - further improvement in systematics needed for optimal exploitation of the large 2012 data sample

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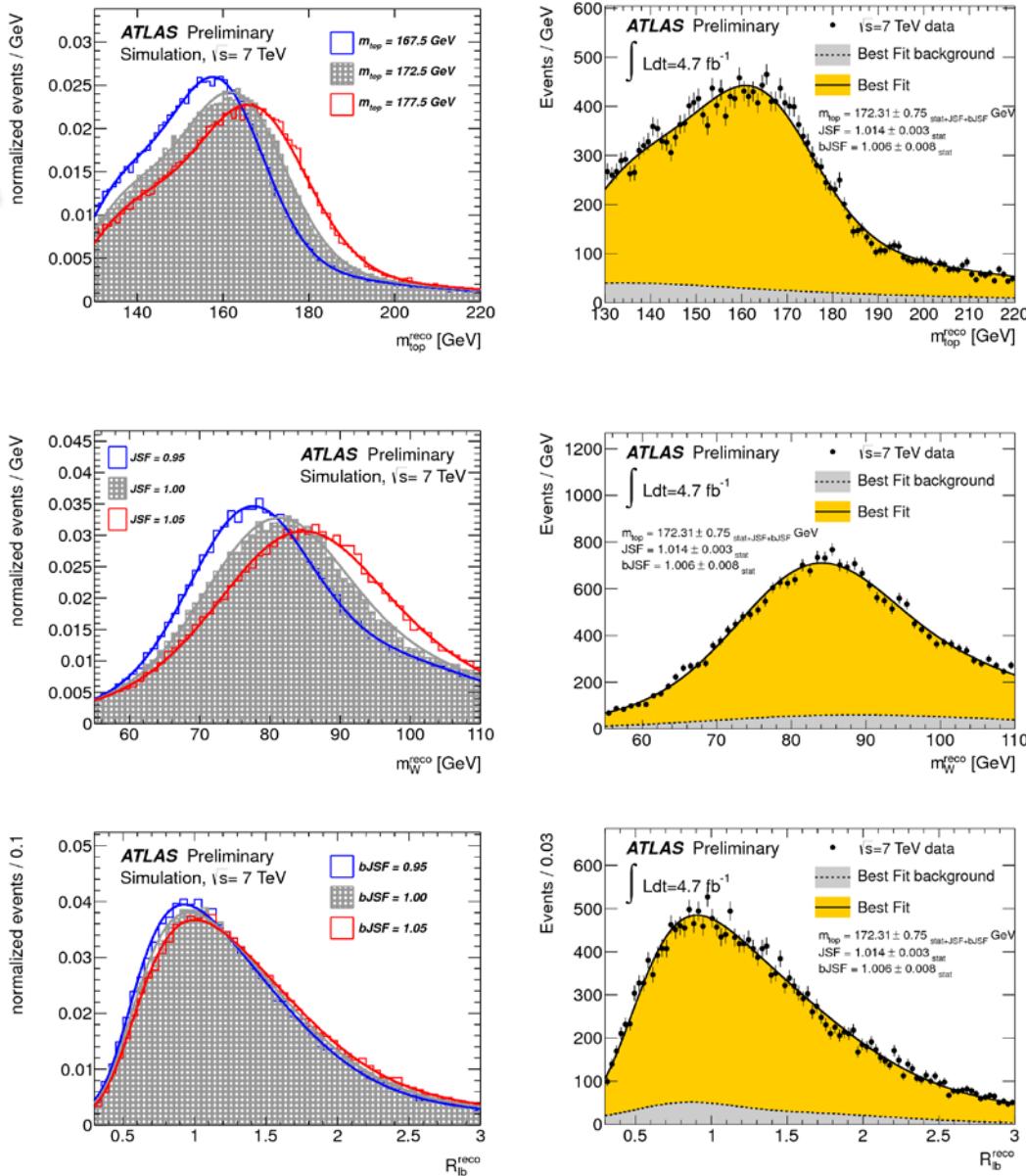
ATLAS top group public results available at:

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/TopPublicResults>

# BACKGROUND MATERIAL

27/8/13 M.Bosman SUSY 2013 Top quark properties in ATLAS

unbinned likelihood fit  
using template  
parameterizations  
as PDFs



### observable 1 = $m_{top}^{reco}$

- sensitivity to “input  $m_{top}$ ”  
 $\pm 5 \text{ GeV}$

### observable 2 = $m_W^{reco}$

- sensitivity to JSF  
 $0.95\text{-}1.05$

### observable 3 = $R_{lb}^{reco}$

- sensitivity to bJSF  
 $0.95\text{-}1.05$

TOP MASS:  $L+JETS$ 

## ○ Systematic errors

	2d-analysis		3d-analysis		
	$m_{top}$ [GeV]	JSF	$m_{top}$ [GeV]	JSF	bJSF
Measured value	172.80	1.014	172.31	1.014	1.006
Data statistics	0.23	0.003	0.23	0.003	0.008
Jet energy scale factor (stat. comp.)	0.27	n/a	0.27	n/a	n/a
bJet energy scale factor (stat. comp.)	n/a	n/a	0.67	n/a	n/a
Method calibration	0.13	0.002	0.13	0.002	0.003
Signal MC generator	0.36	0.005	0.19	0.005	0.002
Hadronisation	1.30	0.008	0.27	0.008	0.013
Underlying event	0.02	0.001	0.12	0.001	0.002
Colour reconnection	0.03	0.001	0.32	0.001	0.004
ISR and FSR (signal only)	0.96	0.017	0.45	0.017	0.006
Proton PDF	0.09	0.000	0.17	0.000	0.001
single top normalisation	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.000
$W+jets$ background	0.02	0.000	0.03	0.000	0.000
QCD multijet background	0.04	0.000	0.10	0.000	0.001
Jet energy scale	0.60	0.005	0.79	0.004	0.007
$b$ -jet energy scale	0.92	0.000	0.08	0.000	0.002
Jet energy resolution	0.22	0.006	0.22	0.006	0.000
Jet reconstruction efficiency	0.03	0.000	0.05	0.000	0.000
$b$ -tagging efficiency and mistag rate	0.17	0.001	0.81	0.001	0.011
Lepton energy scale	0.03	0.000	0.04	0.000	0.000
Missing transverse momentum	0.01	0.000	0.03	0.000	0.000
Pile-up	0.03	0.000	0.03	0.000	0.001
Total systematic uncertainty	2.02	0.021	1.35	0.021	0.020
Total uncertainty	2.05	0.021	1.55	0.021	0.022

# TOP MASS: DILEPTON

27/8/13

- Systematic errors

Description	Value [GeV]
Measured value	173.09
Statistical uncertainty	0.64
Method calibration	0.07
Signal MC generator	0.20
Hadronisation	0.44
Underlying event	0.42
Colour reconnection	0.29
ISR/FSR	0.37
Proton PDF	0.12
Background	0.14
Jet energy scale	0.89
<i>b</i> -jet energy scale	0.71
<i>b</i> -tagging efficiency and mistag rate	0.46
Jet energy resolution	0.21
Missing transverse momentum	0.05
Pile-up	0.01
Electron uncertainties	0.11
Muon uncertainties	0.05
Total systematic uncertainty	1.50
Total uncertainty	1.63

- systematic errors

Uncertainty Categories			ATLAS / CMS		
Tevatron	ATLAS	CMS	2011 <i>t+jets</i>	2011 <i>t+jets</i>	
Measured $m_{\text{top}}$			172.31	173.49	
iJES	Jet Scale Factor	Jet Scale Factor	0.27	0.33	
	bJet Scale Factor		0.67		
	Sum	Sum	0.72	0.33	
bJES	$JES_{b-jet}$	$JES_{b-jet}$	0.08	0.61	
dJES	$JES_{\text{light-jet}}$	$JES_{\text{light-jet}}$	0.79	0.28	
Lepton $p_T$ Scale			0.04	0.02	
MC	MC Generator	MC Generator	0.19		
	Hadronisation		0.27		
Rad	ISR/FSR	Sum	0.33		
		ISR/FSR	0.45		
CR		Q-Scale		0.24	
		Jet-Parton Scale		0.18	
		Sum	0.45	0.30	
PDF	Colour Recon.		0.32	0.54	
DetMod	Proton PDF	Proton PDF	0.17	0.07	
	Jet Energy Res.	Jet Energy Res.	0.22	0.23	
	Jet Rec. Eff.		0.05		
	$b$ -tagging	$b$ -tagging	0.81	0.12	
	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	0.03	0.06	
Underlying Event	Sum	Sum	0.84	0.27	
	BGMC			0.13	
BGData			0.10		
Method	Method Calib.	Method Calib.	0.13	0.06	
MHI	Pile-up	Pile-up	0.03	0.07	
Statistics			0.23	0.27	
Rest			1.53	1.03	
Total Uncertainty			1.55	1.07	

- $qg/q\bar{q}$  production of  $t\bar{t}$   
 $t$  emitted in direction of  $|q\rangle$  and  $|\bar{t}\rangle$  of  $|\bar{q}\rangle$
- $gg$  symmetric,  $q\bar{q}$  asymmetric at NLO

$$A_c = \frac{N(\Delta |y| > 0) - N(\Delta |y| < 0)}{N(\Delta |y| > 0) + N(\Delta |y| < 0)}$$

$t\bar{t}$  asymmetry:  $\Delta |y| = |y_t| - |\bar{y}_{\bar{t}}|$

(lepton asymmetry:  $\Delta |y| = |y_{l^+}| - |\bar{y}_{l^-}|$ )

- **$t+jet$  events:** measure top quark based asymmetry with full bayesian unfolding of detector effects

Inclusive result  $A_c^{t\bar{t}} = 0.006 \pm 0.010 (stat + syst)$

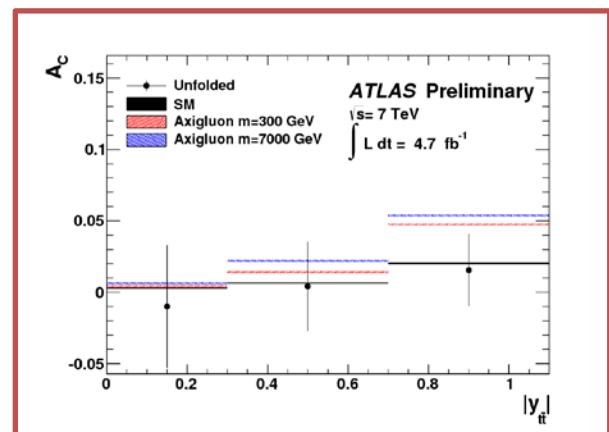
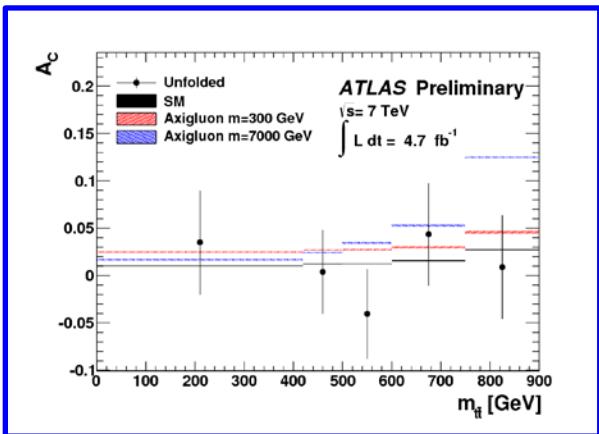
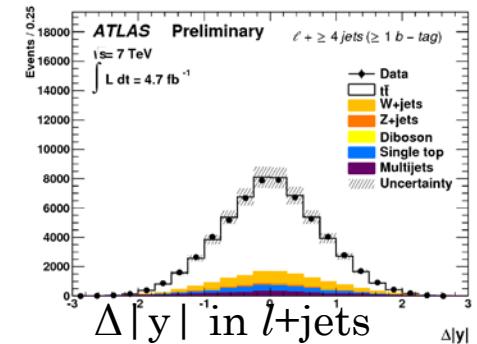
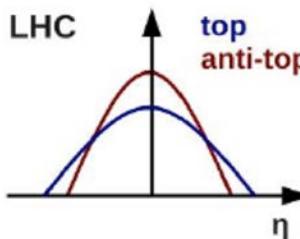
SM  $A_c^{t\bar{t}} = 0.0123 \pm 0.0005$

Differential measurement:  $m(t\bar{t}), p_T(t\bar{t}), y(t\bar{t})$

BSM sensitive measurement

z-component of  $t\bar{t}$  velocity  $\beta_z$

**measure asymmetry for  $\beta_z > 0.6$**



- top quark decays before hadronizing; spin of the top quark at production is transferred to its decay products: azimuthal angle between leptons in dilepton events
- SM:** at low  $m_{t\bar{t}}$  fusion of like-helicity gluons → top quarks in L-L or R-R helicity configuration  
**BSM:** exchange of a virtual heavy scalar Higgs boson → different spin correlation
- $f_{SM}$  = fraction of events with SM-like spin correlation extracted from binned template fit of  $\Delta\phi$  distribution to samples with ≠ fractions

$$f_{SM} = 1.30 \pm 0.14(stat)^{+0.27}_{-0.22}(syst)$$

- degree of correlation:

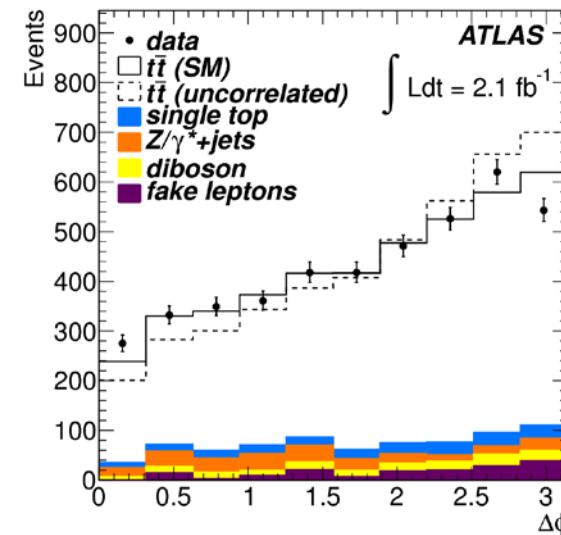
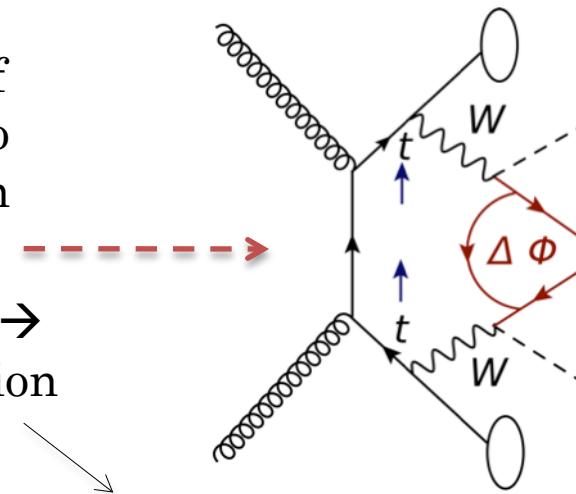
$$A = \frac{N(\uparrow\uparrow) + N(\downarrow\downarrow) - N(\uparrow\downarrow) - N(\downarrow\uparrow)}{N(\uparrow\uparrow) + N(\downarrow\downarrow) + N(\uparrow\downarrow) + N(\downarrow\uparrow)}$$

helicity base

$$A = 0.40 \pm 0.04(stat)^{+0.08}_{-0.07}(syst)$$

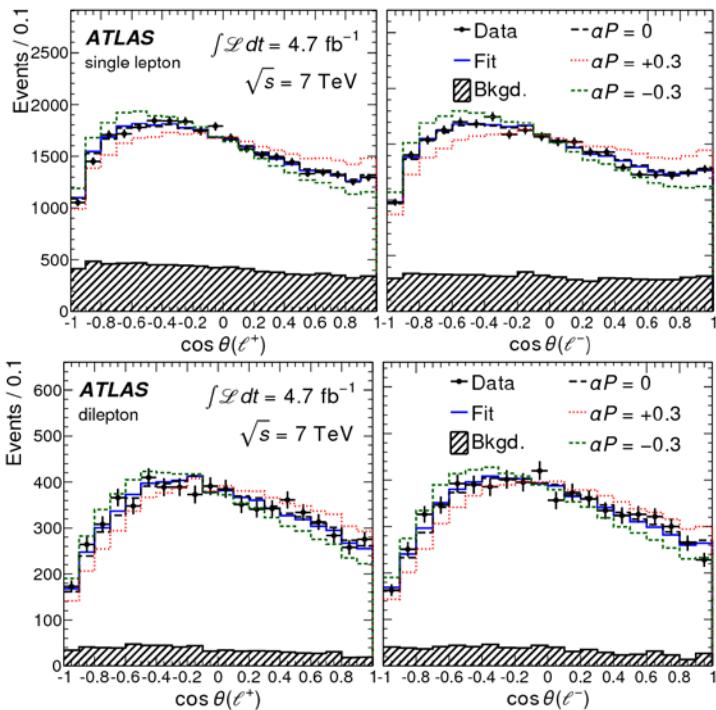
maximal base

$$A = 0.57 \pm 0.06(stat)^{+0.12}_{-0.10}(syst)$$

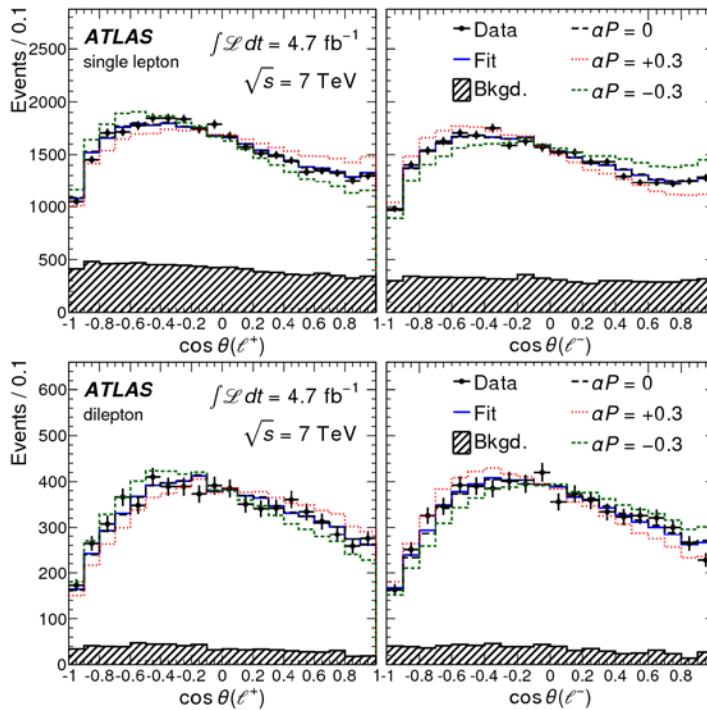


main systematics  
JES, fake lepton

exclude no-correlation hypothesis with 5.1 significance

*l+jets CP Conserving*


$$\alpha_l P_{CPC} = -0.035 \pm 0.014(stat) \pm 0.037(syst)$$

*dilepton CP Violating*


$$\alpha_l P_{CPV} = 0.020 \pm 0.016(stat) {}^{+0.013}_{-0.017}(syst)$$

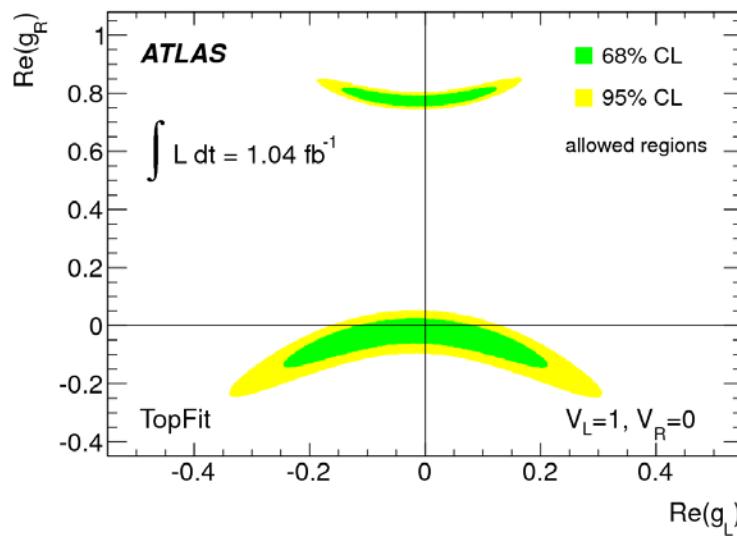
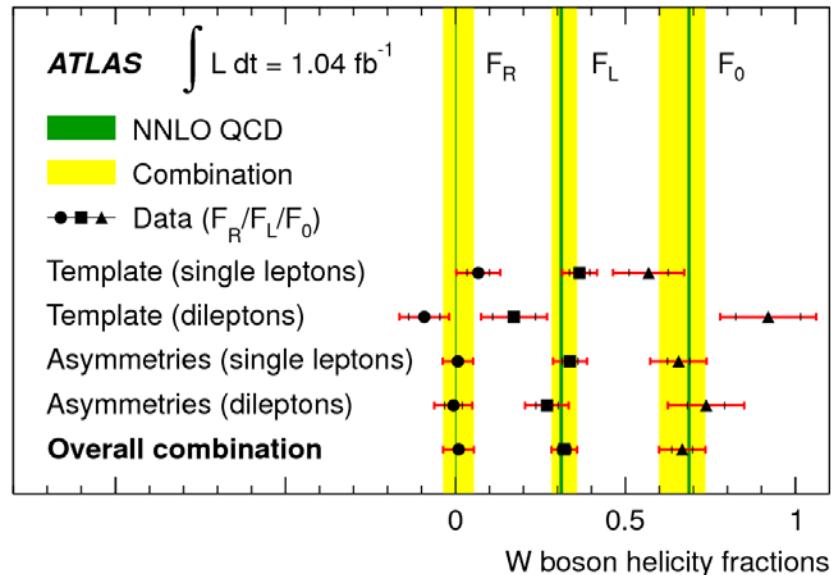
data compatible with unpolarized top quarks  
 main systematics: jet reconstruction and top pair modelling

- results of the 4 measurements combined with BLUE
- mostly dominated by systematic uncertainties: signal and background modelling, JES and jet reconstruction
- agreement with NNLO QCD more precise than CDF, D0

- results interpreted in terms of new physics introducing anomalous couplings in the effective lagrangian:  $V_R$ ,  $g_L$ ,  $g_R$

$$\begin{aligned} L_{Wtb} = & -\frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{b} \gamma^\mu (V_L P_L + V_R P_R) t W_\mu^- \\ & -\frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{b} \frac{i \sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{M_W} (g_L P_L + g_R P_R) t W_\mu^- + h.c. \end{aligned}$$

- consistent with (V-A) structure



## $t\bar{t}\gamma$ production

- $t+jets$ , dilepton final states + 1 high pt  $\gamma$
- signal region 52(70) events in  $e(\mu)$  channel includes contributions from prompt & fake  $\gamma$  template fit to  $\gamma$  track isolation variable  $p_T^{\text{cone}20} = \sum p_T(\text{track})$  for  $dR(\gamma, \text{track}) < 0.20$
- result:  $\sigma \cdot \text{Br}(t+jets+\text{dilepton})$  for  $p_T(\gamma) > 8 \text{ GeV}$

$$\sigma(t\bar{t}\gamma) = 2.0 \pm 0.5(\text{stat}) \pm 0.7(\text{syst}) \pm 0.08(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$$

compatible with SM

$$\sigma(t\bar{t}\gamma) = 2.1 \pm 0.4 \text{ pb}$$

main systematics:  
JES, modelling, pile-up

