

The NMSSM with Gravitino Dark Matter

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in collaboration with J. Hasenkamp

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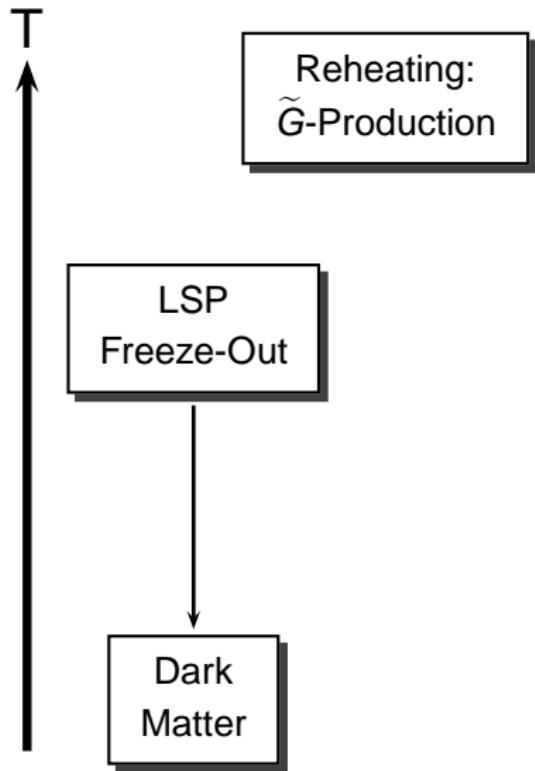
SUSY 2013, ICTP Trieste
August 27, 2013



Gravitino Problem

- gravitinos produced at the end of inflation

Bolz et al. , Nucl. Phys. **B606** (2001)

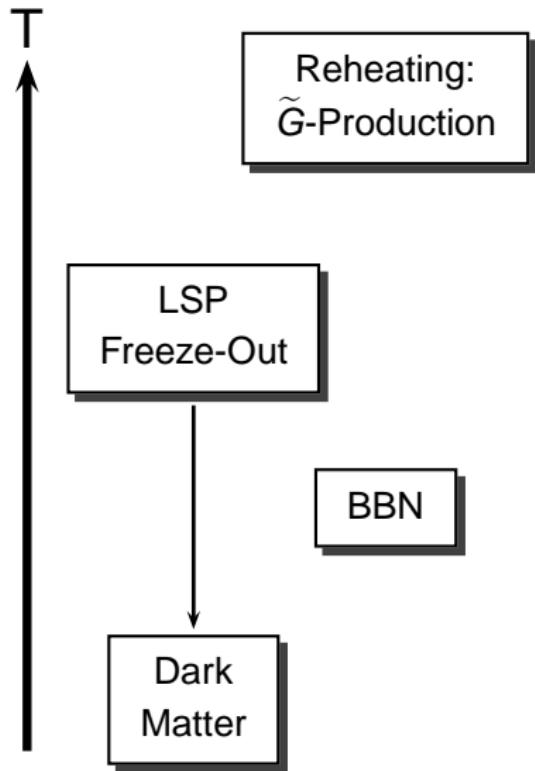


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- Big Bang Nucleosynthesis

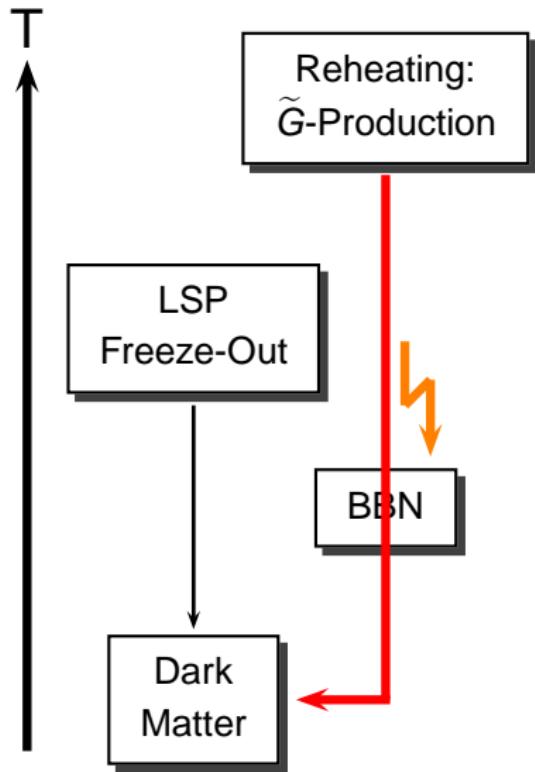


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- gravitinos produced at the end of inflation
- Big Bang Nucleosynthesis
- late decay of gravitino

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Weinberg, Phys. Rev. Lett. **48** (1982)

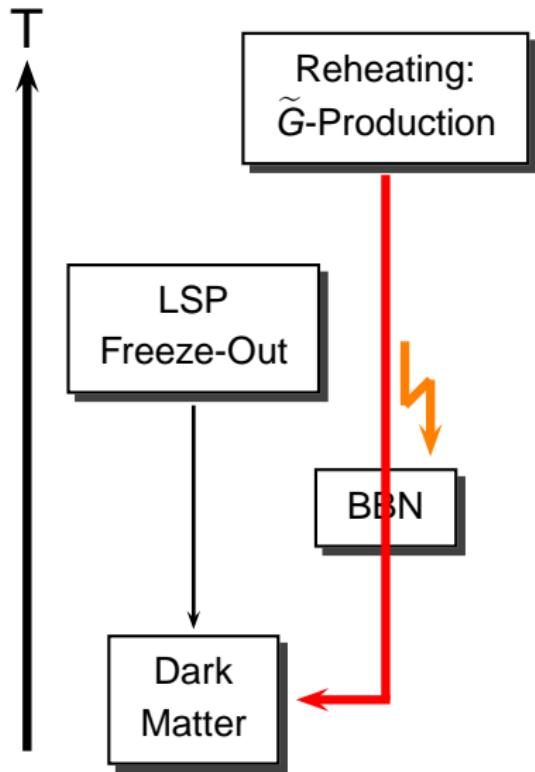


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Classes of solutions:

- gravitino decay before BBN
- suppress gravitino abundance
- **stable gravitino**



Gravitino Dark Matter

- gravitino LSP with $m_{3/2} = \mathcal{O}(100 \text{ GeV})$
 $\Omega_{3/2} = \Omega_{DM}$ for $T_R = 10^9 \dots 10^{10} \text{ GeV}$
- consistent with thermal leptogenesis
- **problem:** late decay of the NLSP

Cyburt et al., Phys. Rev. D67 (2003)

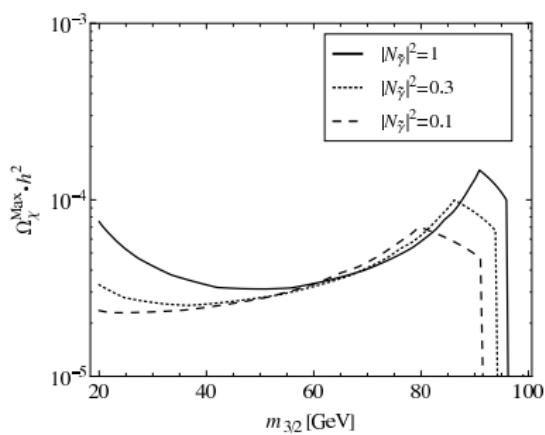
- requires highly suppressed NLSP abundance
- very difficult to achieve in MSSM

Cosmological Bounds on a Neutralino NLSP

- consider $\tilde{\chi} \rightarrow \tilde{G} + \gamma$
- CMB + BBN bounds on e.m. energy injection

Jedamzik, Phys. Rev. D74 (2006)

Hu et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 70 (1993)



$$\Omega_\chi h^2 \lesssim 10^{-4}$$

- NLSP relic density

$$\Omega_\chi h^2 \simeq \frac{3 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ GeV}^{-2}}{\langle \sigma v \rangle}$$

- write $\langle \sigma v \rangle$ as

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle = \frac{g_{\text{eff}}^2 \mathcal{F}}{16\pi m_\chi^2}$$

- cosmological bound implies

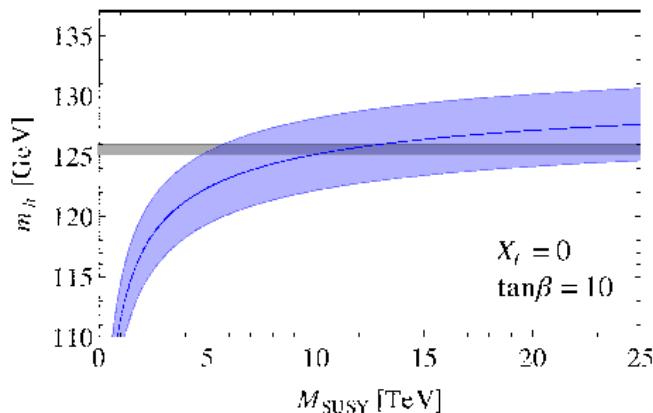
$$g_{\text{eff}}^2 \mathcal{F} > 1$$

↪ huge coupling, resonance

Higgs in the MSSM

- discovery of the Higgs boson with $m_h = 126 \text{ GeV}$

ATLAS, CMS, Phys. Lett. **B716** (2012)



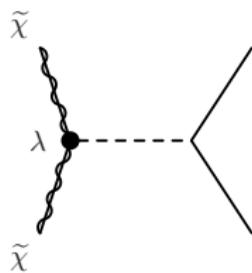
- requires $M_{\text{SUSY}} \gg \text{TeV}$ in the MSSM

The NMSSM

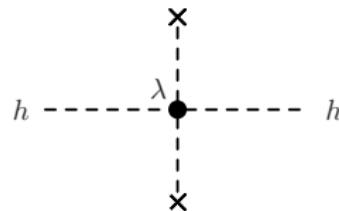
- extend MSSM by singlet superfield $S = (\tilde{s}, h_s, a_s)$, impose Z_3

$$W = \lambda S H_u H_d + \frac{\kappa}{3} S^3$$

- large coupling λ



**drives
 $\tilde{\chi}$ - annihilation**



**enhances
Higgs mass**

Neutralino Annihilation

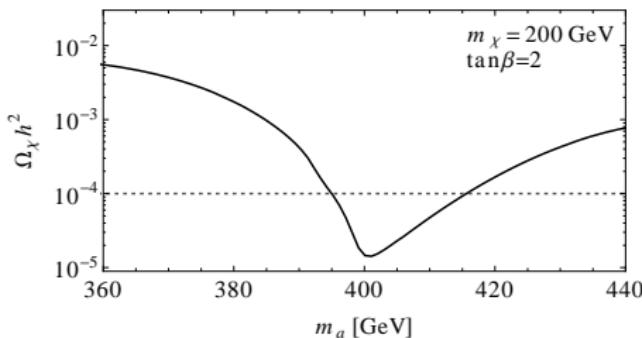
- promising annihilation channel $\tilde{\chi}\tilde{\chi} \rightarrow a^* \rightarrow \bar{t}t$

$$\sigma v \propto \frac{g_{a\chi\chi}^2 y_t^2 \cot \beta^2}{(s - m_a^2)^2} \quad \text{with} \quad g_{a\chi\chi} \sim \lambda N_{14} N_{15}$$

- perturbativity constraint on λ

Haber et al., Phys. Rev. D35 (1987), Espinosa et al., Phys. Lett. B279 (1992)

↪ mild resonant enhancement for $\Omega_\chi h^2 \sim 10^{-4}$



- $\mathcal{O}(10\%)$ tuning of m_a required, less than in MSSM

Higgs Mass

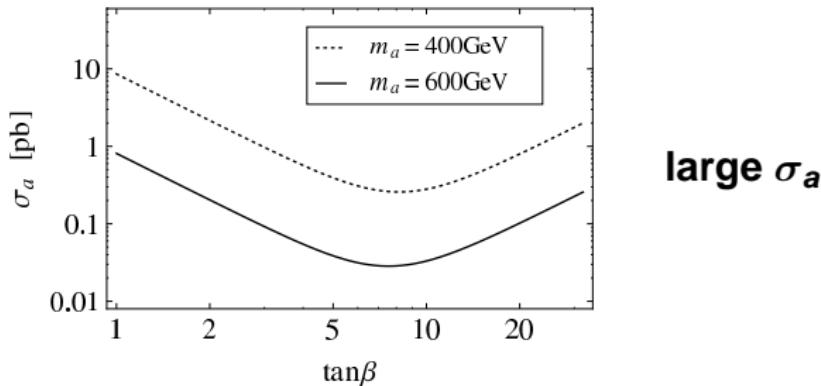
- tree-level Higgs mass

$$m_{h_1}^2 \simeq M_Z^2 \cos^2 2\beta + \lambda^2 v^2 \sin^2 2\beta - \frac{\lambda^4 v^2}{\kappa^2} \left(1 - \frac{m_a^2 \sin^2 2\beta}{4 \mu^2}\right)^2$$

- $m_{h_1} > M_Z$ and $\mu \gtrsim 2 m_a$ predicts

$$\tan \beta = 1.4 - 2$$

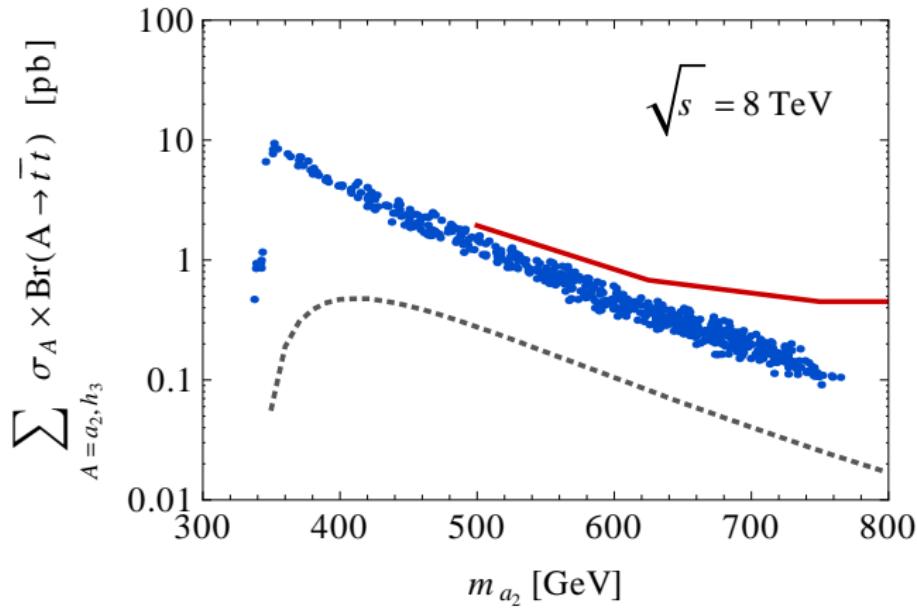
- production cross section of the doublet pseudoscalar at LHC-8:



Heavy Higgs Searches

- search channels $a \rightarrow \bar{t}t, H \rightarrow \bar{t}t$ very promising
- not covered in Higgs searches, but by EXOTICS (Z' , KK gluon)

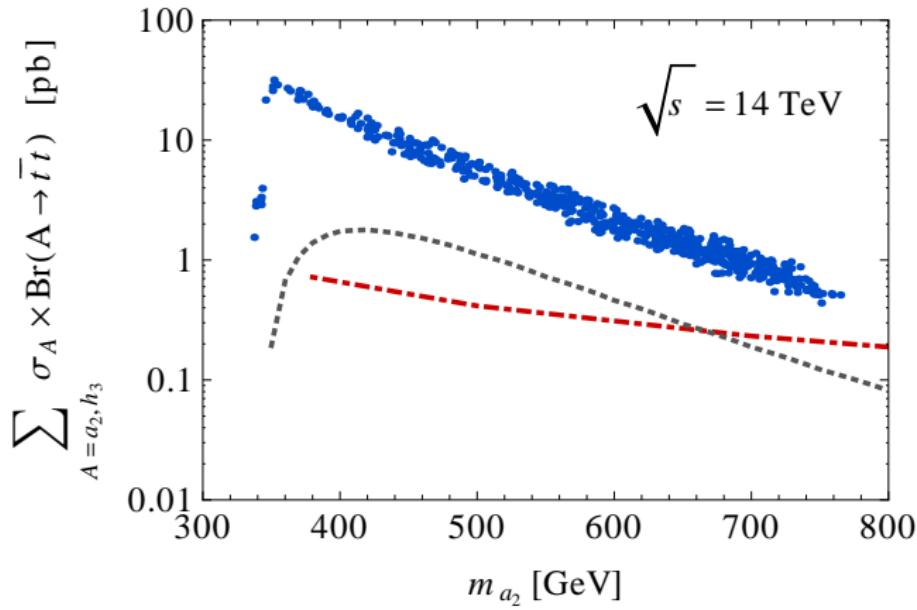
ATLAS-CONF-2013-052, CMS-PAS-B2G-12-006



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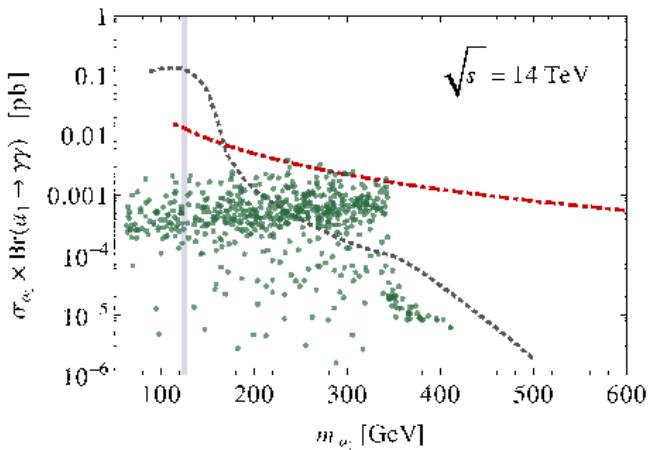
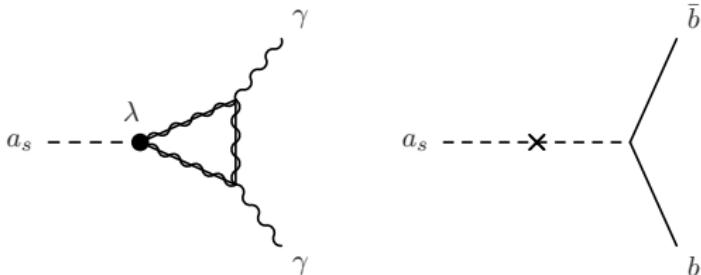
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Singlet Higgs Searches

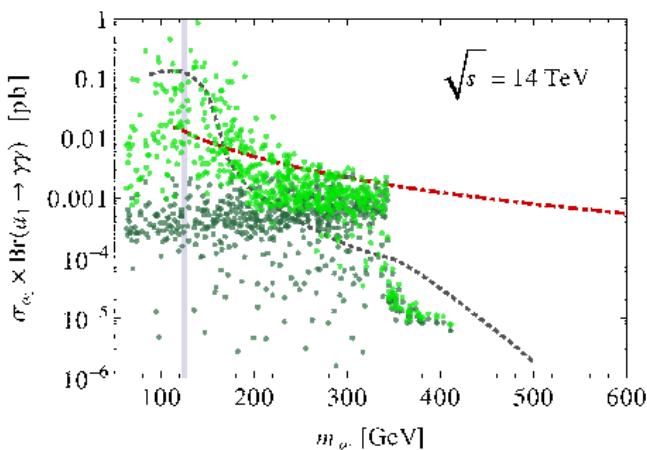
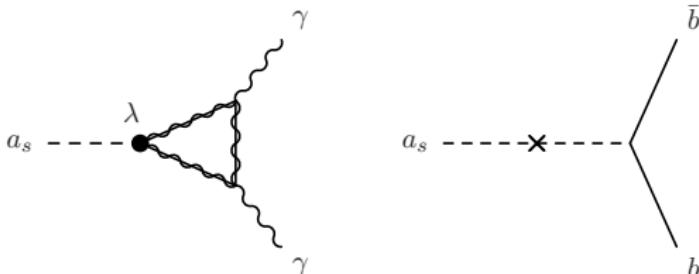
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- gluon fusion of a_s suppressed

Singlet Higgs Searches

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- gluon fusion of a_s suppressed
- **but:** production via a, H -decay

Conclusion

- strong cosmological constraints on long-lived NLSPs
- $\Omega_\chi h^2$ of singlino/higgsino NLSP in NMSSM can be highly suppressed
- cosmological bounds can be satisfied (10% tuning of m_a)
- responsible coupling $\lambda S H_u H_d$ simultaneously enhances m_h
- prediction: detection of pseudoscalar in search for $t\bar{t}$ -resonances