Mass splitting between charged and neutral winos at two-loop level

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"Mass Splitting between Charged and Neutral Winos at Two-Loop Level", M. Ibe, S. Matsumoto and RS,

arXiv:1212.5989 [hep-ph], Phys. Lett. B 721 (2013) 252-260

2013. 8. 29 @ SUSY 2013

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Discovery of the Higgs boson



LHC 7 TeV & 8 TeV data gives,

125.5 ± 0.2 (stat.) $^{+0.5}_{-0.6}$ (sys.) GeV[ATLAS-CONF-2013-014]125.7 ± 0.3 (stat.) ± 0.3 (sys.) GeV[CMS PAS HIG-13-005]

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(Xt : left-right mixing parameter of stops)

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How to get 125 GeV Higgs :

- heavy stop
 Large left-right mixing
 Non-minimal SSM

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How to get 125 GeV Higgs :



High scale SUSY

PeV-SUSY: [Wells (2004)]Spread SUSY: [Hall, Nomura (2011)]Pure Gravity Mediation : [Ibe, Yanagida (2011)]



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 $\delta m = m_{\tilde{W}^{\pm}} - m_{\tilde{W}^{0}}$

• At tree level

$$\delta m|_{\rm mixing} \simeq \frac{0.014 \text{ MeV}}{\tan^2 \beta} \left(\frac{300 \text{ GeV}}{M_1 - M_2}\right) \left(\frac{100 \text{ TeV}}{\mu}\right)^2$$

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At one-loop level

[Cheng, Dobrescu, Machev (1998)] [Gherghetta, Giudice, Wells (1999)] [Feng, Moroi, Randall, Strassler, Su (1999)]



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 $\delta m = m_{\tilde{\lambda}/\pm}$ $-m_{\tilde{\lambda}}$

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At one-loop level

[Cheng, Dobrescu, Machev (1998)] [Gherghetta, Giudice, Wells (1999)] [Feng, Moroi, Randall, Strassler, Su (1999)]



• Uncertainty of one-loop calculation (naïve estimation of two-loop contribution)

$$\Delta_{2-loop} \delta m = \left(\frac{\alpha_2}{4\pi}\right)^2 \pi m_t \simeq 3.9 \text{ MeV}$$
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Lifetime of charged wino : $au_{\widetilde{W}^{\pm}}$

- Main decay mode : $ilde{\mathcal{W}}^\pm o ilde{\mathcal{W}}^0 \pi^\pm$
- Life-time is strongly depends on $\delta m = m_{ ilde{\mathcal{W}}^\pm} m_{ ilde{\mathcal{W}}^0}$



Decay of charged wino at LHC



To get the accuracy of life-time, We need the accuracy of mass splitting.

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Two-loop calculation

• We calculate 1PI self-energy.

$$\rightarrow \text{(IPI)} = \Sigma_{\mathcal{K}}(p^2) \not p + \Sigma_{\mathcal{M}}(p^2) \longrightarrow M_{\text{pole}} = \text{Re}\left[\frac{M_0 - \Sigma_{\mathcal{M}}(M_{\text{pole}}^2)}{1 + \Sigma_{\mathcal{K}}(M_{\text{pole}}^2)}\right]$$

Pole mass can be expanded as a series of loop-order :

$$M_{\text{pole}} = M_0 + M^{(1)} + M^{(2)} + \cdots$$

• We use an effective theory (SM + winos)

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + i\tilde{W}^{a\dagger}(\partial \delta_{ac} - \epsilon_{abc}W^{b})\tilde{W}^{c} - \frac{M_{2}}{2}(\tilde{W}^{a}\tilde{W}^{a} + h.c.)$$

- Heavy particles (sfermions, Higgsino, heavy Higgses) can be neglected.
- Bino and gluino does not contribute at two-loop order.

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Diagrams to evaluate



Figure D.7: Charged wino self-energy (group A)



Figure D.8: Charged wino self-energy (group B)



Figure D.9: Charged wino self-energy (group C)



Figure D.1: Neutral wino self-energy (group A)



Figure D.2: Neutral wino self-energy (group B)



Figure D.3: Neutral wino self-energy (group C)

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Diagrams to evaluate

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Diagrams to evaluate



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Lifetime of charged wino: $au_{ ilde{\mathcal{W}}^{\pm}}$



τ [ns]

Latest result (2013 July)



[ATLAS-CONF-2013-069]

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Summary

- 125 GeV Higgs motivates wino LSP.
- Lifetime of charged wino is very sensitive to mass splitting within Winos.
- We calculated the mass splitting at two-loop level.
- Our result is available as the following fitting formula. (see arXiv:1212.5989)

$$\frac{\delta m}{1 \text{ MeV}} = -413.315 + 305.383 \left(\log \frac{m_{\tilde{W}^0}}{1 \text{ GeV}} \right) - 60.8831 \left(\log \frac{m_{\tilde{W}^0}}{1 \text{ GeV}} \right)^2 + 5.41948 \left(\log \frac{m_{\tilde{W}^0}}{1 \text{ GeV}} \right)^3 - 0.181509 \left(\log \frac{m_{\tilde{W}^0}}{1 \text{ GeV}} \right)^4.$$

 $(100 \text{ GeV} < m_{ ilde{\mathcal{W}}^0} < 4000 \text{ GeV})$

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Mass correction as a Coulomb energy

[Cirelli, Fornengo, Strumia (2005)]

Coulomb Potential of massive vector boson:

Coulomb Energy of massive vector boson:

$$\begin{split} \delta m_{\tilde{W}^{+}}(W^{+}) &= \frac{g^{2}\Lambda}{8\pi} - \frac{g^{2}m_{W}}{8\pi} + \cdots \\ \delta m_{\tilde{W}^{+}}(\gamma) &= \frac{g^{2}s_{W}^{2}\Lambda}{8\pi} \qquad \qquad \delta m_{\tilde{W}^{0}}(W^{\pm}) &= \frac{2g^{2}\Lambda}{8\pi} - \frac{2g^{2}m_{W}}{8\pi} + \cdots \\ \delta m_{\tilde{W}^{+}}(Z) &= \frac{g^{2}c_{W}^{2}\Lambda}{8\pi} - \frac{g^{2}c_{W}^{2}m_{Z}}{8\pi} + \cdots \end{split}$$

 \land : cut off scale