

Grand Unification Thresholds and the NMSGUT

Charanjit S. Aulakh, Ila Garg, Charanjit K. Khosa

Department of Physics
Panjab University
Chandigarh, India, 160014.

Plan

- SO(10) MSGUT Virtues and Development Review
- GUT Threshold effects on Fermion Yukawas : Fixing $d = 5$ rates
- RG Features of Distinctive Spectra
- New Horizons : Grand Yukawonification

arXiv[hep-ph]1308.5665, Aug. 26 2013
(with Charanjit K. Khosa) :

- $\{Q_L, L_L, u_L^c, d_L^c, l_L^c \oplus \nu_L^c\} \equiv 16$: Tight and complete Q-L unification
- Simple Tri-band FM Higgs Channel Spectrum: $\Rightarrow (\mathbf{10} + \mathbf{120} + \overline{\mathbf{126}})$

$$\overline{\mathbf{126}} = (15, 2, 2) + \Delta_R(10, 1, 3) + \Delta_L(\overline{10}, 3, 1) + (6, 1, 1)$$

NATURAL HOME TO BOTH SEESAWS :

- Type I : $M_{B-L} \sim <\vec{\Delta}_R>_{SM=0} \Rightarrow M_{\nu^c} \Rightarrow M_\nu^I \sim \frac{y_\nu^2 v^2}{M_{B-L}}$
- Type II : $\frac{v_W^2}{M_{B-L}} \sim <\vec{\Delta}_L>_{Y=2, T_{3L}=-1} \Rightarrow M_\nu^{II} \sim f <\vec{\Delta}_L>$
- $\vec{\Delta}_R(1, 3, -2), \vec{\Delta}_L(3, 1, 2) \subset \overline{\mathbf{126}}$ PRESERVE R_p :
 $M_p = (-)^{3(B-L)} \subset U(1)_{B-L} \subset SO(10) \oplus <\Delta_{L,R}> \Rightarrow R_p, \Rightarrow$
 Stable LSP , Ideal CDM !

- “New” Minimal Susy GUT (NMSGUT):
Oldest complete Susy SO(10) GUT!

(1982) CSA, Mohapatra, Clark Kuo, Nakagawa

- CTF/USP : Minimal parameters, fully realistic fermion spectra \Rightarrow
- Distinctive MSSM spectra (2008) :
 - Mini Split
 - Large A-terms
 - Light smuons
 - Normal sHierarchy

:Standout Falsifiable !

Futility vs Precision

- $\sim 10^3$ fields BUT controllable Threshold effects at GUT scales :

$$M_X \sim 10^{16.75} - 10^{18} \text{ GeV}$$

- Large SO(10) gauge beta functions due to **210, 126, 126, 120** \Rightarrow Landau pole just above $M_X \Rightarrow$ Physical cutoff Λ_X :
Gauge Gravity unification ?
- Induced Gravity ? :

$$M_{Planck} \sim \Lambda_X$$

Higgs Structure

- **AM Higgs** : $\langle \mathbf{210}(\Phi_{ijkl}), \overline{\mathbf{126}}(\overline{\Sigma}_{ijklm}), \mathbf{126} \rangle \Rightarrow$
 $Susy \ SO(10) \longrightarrow MSSM$

- **Superpotential**

$$W = W_{MSGUT} + W_{120} + W_{16}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{MSGUT} &= m \mathbf{210}^2 + \lambda \mathbf{210}^3 + M \mathbf{126} \cdot \overline{\mathbf{126}} + \eta \mathbf{210} \cdot \mathbf{126} \cdot \overline{\mathbf{126}} \\ &+ 10 \cdot \mathbf{210} (\gamma \mathbf{126} + \bar{\gamma} \overline{\mathbf{126}}) + M_H \mathbf{10}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{120} &= M_O \mathbf{120} \cdot \mathbf{120} + k \mathbf{10} \cdot \mathbf{120} \cdot \mathbf{210} + \rho \mathbf{120} \cdot \mathbf{120} \cdot \mathbf{210} \\ &+ \zeta \mathbf{120} \cdot \mathbf{126} \cdot \mathbf{210} + \bar{\zeta} \mathbf{120} \cdot \overline{\mathbf{126}} \cdot \mathbf{210} \end{aligned}$$

$$W_{16} = h_{AB} \mathbf{16}_A \cdot \mathbf{16}_B + f'_{AB} \mathbf{16}_A \mathbf{16}_B + g_{[AB]} \mathbf{16}_A \cdot \mathbf{16}_B \cdot \mathbf{120}$$

- MSGUT Parameters (one fine tuned) : (23)

NMSGUT 15 more \Rightarrow Total = 38

STILL MINIMAL !

SSB

- Calculable SSB at M_X : **GUT scale VEVs** : $SO(10) \rightarrow MSSM$

$$\langle (15, 1, 1) \rangle_{210} : a \quad \langle (15, 1, 3) \rangle_{210} : \omega$$

$$\langle (1, 1, 1) \rangle_{210} : p \quad \langle (10, 1, 3) \rangle_{126, \overline{126}} : \sigma, \bar{\sigma}$$

- Homogenous Degree 1 F-terms $\Sigma, \bar{\Sigma}$ equations \Rightarrow extra ($D_{B-L} = 0$) term condition : $|\sigma| = |\bar{\sigma}|$
- F Terms : **SSB completely analyzable** 4 eqns \Rightarrow **Cubic in** $x = -\lambda\omega/m$

$$8x^3 - 15x^2 + 14x - 3 = -\xi(1-x)^2$$

$$\xi = \frac{\lambda M}{\eta m}$$

Fields and Types

- MSGUT : $45+48+10+252+210=565$ (super)Fields
- NMSGUT: $565+120= 685$ fields
- 26 MSSM-irrep types
- GUT scale spectra and Threshold effects calculable

MSSM Higgs

- Multiple sources of Higgs Doublets only one pair light.

$$[1, 2, -1](\bar{h}_1, \bar{h}_2, \bar{h}_3, \bar{h}_4) \oplus [1, 2, 1](h_1, h_2, h_3, h_4)$$

$$(H_2^\alpha, \bar{\Sigma}_2^{(15)\alpha}, \Sigma_2^{(15)\alpha}, \frac{\phi_{44}^{2\alpha}}{\sqrt{2}}) \oplus (H_{\alpha i}, \bar{\Sigma}_{\alpha i}^{(15)}, \Sigma_{\alpha i}^{(15)}, \frac{\phi_{\alpha}^{44i}}{\sqrt{2}})$$

- Doublet Mass Matrix in MSGUT :

$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{pmatrix} -M_H & +\bar{\gamma}\sqrt{3}(\omega - a) & -\gamma\sqrt{3}(\omega + a) & -\bar{\gamma}\bar{\sigma} \\ -\bar{\gamma}\sqrt{3}(\omega + a) & 0 & -(2M + 4\eta(a + \omega)) & 0 \\ \gamma\sqrt{3}(\omega - a) & -(2M + 4\eta(a - \omega)) & 0 & -2\eta\bar{\sigma}\sqrt{3} \\ -\sigma\gamma & -2\eta\sigma\sqrt{3} & 0 & -2m + 6\lambda(\omega - a) \end{pmatrix}$$

- Fine Tuning : $\text{Det}\mathcal{H} = 0$
- Left and Right Null eigenvectors determine **Higgs Fractions**

Fermion data fits

- SO(10) $t - b - \tau$ unification as striking as gauge unification !
- Supports third generation as real core of fermion hierarchy.
- Convincing only if single 10-plet dominates Requires

$$\tan \beta \sim 45 - 60 \sim m_t/m_b$$

- MSGUT fails to produce adequate neutrino masses :
 - Type I >> Type II
 - $m_\nu >>$ Type I
 - Because M_ν^c ($\overline{126}$ yukawa !) too large.
- **NMSGUT Higgs Role reassignment :**
 - $h \oplus g >> f \Rightarrow$ Charged fermion data : $(m_{q,l}, \theta_q^i, \delta_c)$.
 - $f << h, g \Rightarrow$ Type I boosted

TENSIONS and Calmatives

- $10 \oplus 120$ only for Charged fermion fit \Rightarrow TENSIONS :
 - $m_{d,s}^{MSSM}(M_Z) \sim m_{d,s}^{SM}(M_Z)/5$
 - Tree Level: $m_s - m_\mu = m_b - m_\tau$
- $\tan\beta$ driven threshold corrections to lower $y_{d,s}^{MSSM}$ while preserving or raising y_b Necessary for fermion fit !
- Lowering via gluino corrections. Preservation via $\ominus A_t$ vs $\oplus \mu$ cancellation.
- Implies
 - $A_0 < 0, \mu \sim 10^2 \text{ TeV}$
 - $m_0 \sim 10 \text{ TeV} \gg M_i \sim \text{TeV}$
 - Mini-Split necessary for fermion Fit !

Fits Achieved

- Normal SHierarchy :
 $m_{\tilde{q}_3, \tilde{l}_3} >> m_{\tilde{q}_{1,2}, \tilde{l}_{1,2}}$
- Light smuons ($m_{\tilde{\mu}} \sim m_{\chi^0}$) \Rightarrow : Favorable
- DM Co-annihilation \checkmark
- $a_\mu \checkmark$.
- $B \rightarrow \mu\mu, b \rightarrow s\gamma, \Delta\rho, \epsilon_{Lept}$ all in right ballpark.
- Excellent Fits achieved (2008) : compatible with

$$M_H \sim 126 \text{ GeV} <<< m_A \sim \mu \sim 10^2 \text{ TeV}$$

Transitory Glee

- Short lived (satisfaction) : Generic Catastrophic proton decay

$$\tau_p^{d=5} \sim 10^{28} \text{ years}$$

Fit	$\tau_p(M^+\nu)$	$\Gamma(p \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu)$	$BR(p \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu_{e,\mu,\tau})$
Ex.1	8.1×10^{28}	3.1×10^{-30}	$\{2.6 \times 10^{-5}, 0.09, 0.91\}$
Ex.2	1.7×10^{28}	7.2×10^{-30}	$\{3.04 \times 10^{-5}, 0.014, 0.986\}$
		$\Gamma(p \rightarrow K^+ \nu)$	$BR(p \rightarrow K^+ \nu_{e,\mu,\tau})$
Ex.1		9.2×10^{-30}	$\{1.1 \times 10^{-4}, 0.27, 0.73\}$
Ex.2		5.2×10^{-29}	$\{5.45 \times 10^{-5}, 0.01, 0.99\}$

Table of $d = 5$ operator mediated proton lifetimes $\tau_p(\text{yrs})$, decay rates $\Gamma(\text{yr}^{-1})$ and branching ratios in the dominant Meson $^+ + \nu$ channels.

GUT Threshold Effects on $Y_f^{MSSM} - Y_{SO(10)}$ matching

- Light matter and specially MSSM Higgs in Yukawa vertex suffer major finite wave function renormalization due to manifold circulating heavy fields

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta Z_j^i &= \frac{g^2}{8\pi^2} \sum_{A,k} Q_k^{Ai} Q_j^{Ak} F(m_A, m_k) \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{32\pi^2} \sum I_{ikl}^* I_{jkl} F(m_k, m_l) \\ F(m_A, m_B) &= \frac{1}{M_A^2 - M_B^2} \left(M_A^2 \ln \frac{m_A^2}{Q^2} - M_B^2 \ln \frac{m_B^2}{Q^2} \right) - 1 \\ F(m_A) &= \ln \frac{m_A^2}{Q^2} - 1 \\ Q &= M_X^0\end{aligned}$$

Redefinition to Canonical Kinetic terms

- Diagonalize among multiple copies to get canonical kinetic terms

$$Y'_f = \frac{\tilde{U}_{fc}^T Y_f \tilde{U}_f}{\sqrt{Z_{H^f}}}$$

$$\tilde{U}_\phi = U_\phi \Lambda_\phi^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

- 26 MSSM multiplet types (and conjugates). PS decomposition of SO(10) gauge and Superpotential vertices allows calculation of MSSM decomposition.

Redefinition

- Multiple Higgs doublets in GUT descend to single Light pair.
- Each couples to 26 pairwise combinations with MSSM conjugate quantum numbers.
- E.g two fold $K[3, 1, -\frac{8}{3}]$ and 3-fold $\bar{X}[\bar{3}, 2, \frac{5}{3}] \sim [1, 2, -1]$ couple to $H[1, 2, 1]$ and circulate in loop with multiplicity 3 ($Z_H = 1 + 3\Delta_{K\bar{X}} + \dots$)
- 1300 vertices : evaluate with correct relative signs to get $Z_{f,f^c,H}$

Home Safe

- Matter line corrections are generally small(max 30%).
- (Specially gauge) corrections on Higgs lines add up.
- Search for fermion fits at M_X with threshold corrected Yukawas and penalties on size of $d = 5$ B violation operator

$$C_{d=5} \sim \frac{Y_{SO(10)}^2}{M_X}$$

- Parameter sets where $Z_H \rightarrow 0$ are selected for !
- SO(10) yukawas required to match MSSM are much smaller
- Same yukawas enter the LLLL and RRRR effective $d = 5$ B violation operators without Higgs external line.
- Lifetimes $\tau_p^{d=5} > 10^{34}$ years easily achieved !

$\chi_X = 0.4234$ $h_{11} 3.3612 = \times 10^{-6}$ $h_{33} = 0.0241$ $g_{13} = (-9.26 + 6.87i) 10^{-5}$ $\Delta_X = 0.74$ $\Delta\alpha_3(M_Z) = .0024$ $M^{\nu^c}(GeV) = \{7.79E8$	$\chi_Z = .0754$ $h_{22} = 3.0910^{-4}$ $g_{12} = (0.13 + 0.13i) 10^{-4}$ $g_{23} = -(3.2 + 1.4i) 10^{-4}$ $\Delta_G = -23.5$ $, 1.02E12, 3.79E13\}$
$\tan\beta = 51.0$ $m_{\frac{1}{2}} = -180.6$ $\mu = 1.09 \times 10^5$ $A_0 = -1.36 \times 10^5$ $M_{\tilde{H}}^2 = -8.61 \times 10^9$ $Max(L^{d=5} , R^{d=5})$	$R_{\frac{b\tau}{s\mu}} = 0.0485$ $m_0 = 6463.0$ $B = -8.59 \times 10^9$ $M_H^2 = -7.72 \times 10^9$ $8.28 \times 10^{-22} \text{ GeV}^{-1}$

Table : Fit : Values of the NMSGUT-SUGRA-NUHM parameters at M_X from an accurate fit to 18 fermion data.

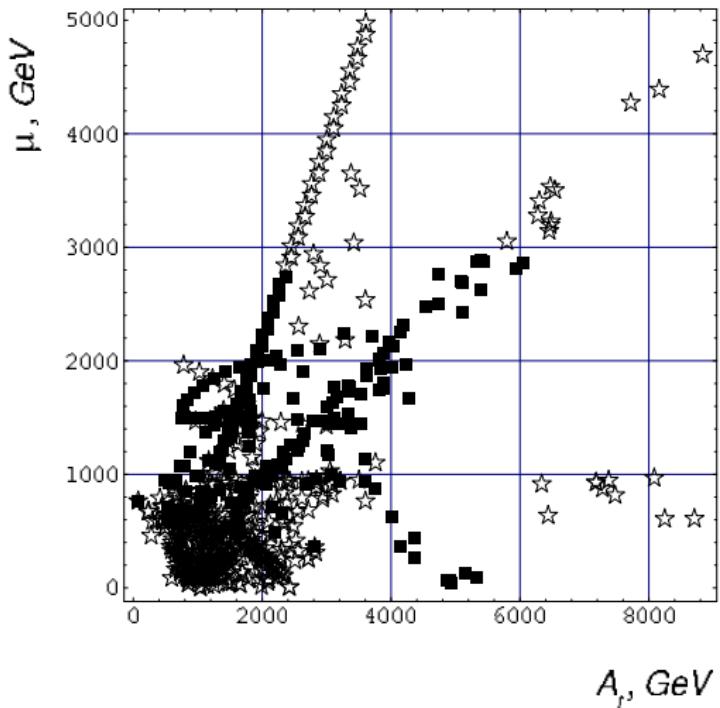
Soft	Susy	parameters	at M_Z
M_1	120.22	$M_{\tilde{u}_{1,2}}$	8190.37
M_2	346.13	$M_{\tilde{u}_3}$	15617.44
M_3	500.05	$A_{11,22}^{0(l)}$	-80607.35
$M_{\tilde{l}_1}$	1314.07	$A_{33}^{0(l)}$	-48613.40
$M_{\tilde{l}_2}$	200.77	$A_{11,22}^{0(u)}$	-99127.34
$M_{\tilde{l}_3}$	12750.91	$A_{33}^{0(u)}$	-49080.19
$M_{\tilde{L}_{1,2}}$	8918.04	$A_{11,22}^{0(d)}$	-80820.34
$M_{\tilde{L}_3}$	12784.02	$A_{33}^{0(d)}$	-25953.43
$M_{\tilde{d}_{1,2}}$	4701.17	$M_{\tilde{Q}_{1,2}}$	6635.99
$M_{\tilde{d}_3}$	34511.30	$\mu(M_Z)$	82076.07
$M_{\tilde{Q}_3}$	26677.45	M_H^2	-6.7041×10^9
$B(M_Z)$	1.0886×10^9	M_H^2	-7.4518×10^9

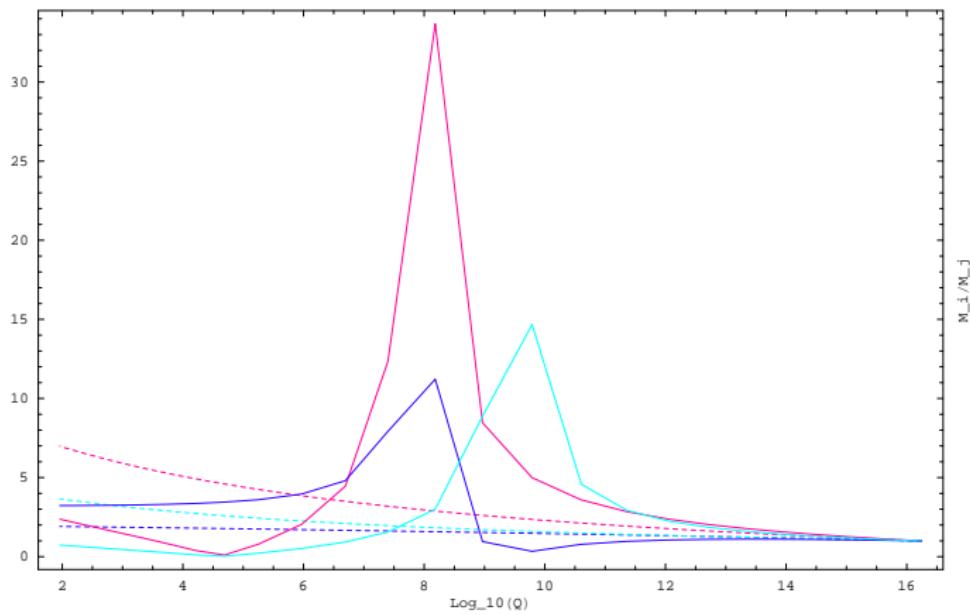
Field	Mass (GeV)
$M_{\tilde{G}}$	500.05
M_{χ^\pm}	346.13, 82076.16
M_{χ^0}	120.22, 346.13, 82076.13, 82076.13
$M_{\tilde{\nu}}$	8917.793, 8870.645, 12783.853
$M_{\tilde{e}}$	1314.85, 8918.17, 200.57, 8871.15, 12483.32, 13045.62
$M_{\tilde{u}}$	6635.76, 8190.29, 6634.61, 8189.44, 15614.25, 26680.06
$M_{\tilde{d}}$	4701.24, 6636.27, 4699.43, 6635.15, 26670.33, 34516.86
M_A	235669.27
M_{H^\pm}	235669.28
M_{H^0}	235669.25
M_{h^0}	124.00

Table : Susy spectra ignoring generation mixing. Mini-split with large μ, A_0 parameters avoids FCNC and CCB/UFB. Masses ordered by generation not magnitude.

Parameter	Value
ϵ_{Lepto}	0.35×10^{-7}
a_μ	0.698×10^{-9}
δ_{PMNS} (in degrees)	6.2370
$\tau(p \rightarrow Meson + \nu)$	$5.233 * 10^{34} yr$
$\Gamma(\pi\nu)$	$6.77 * 10^{-37} yr^{-1}$
$\{BR(\pi\nu)\}$	{0.0045, 0.839, 0.1569}
$\Gamma(K + \nu)$	$1.84 * 10^{-35} yr^{-1}$
$BR(K + \nu)$	{0.00139, 0.335, 0.664}

Table : B and Lepton violation parameters





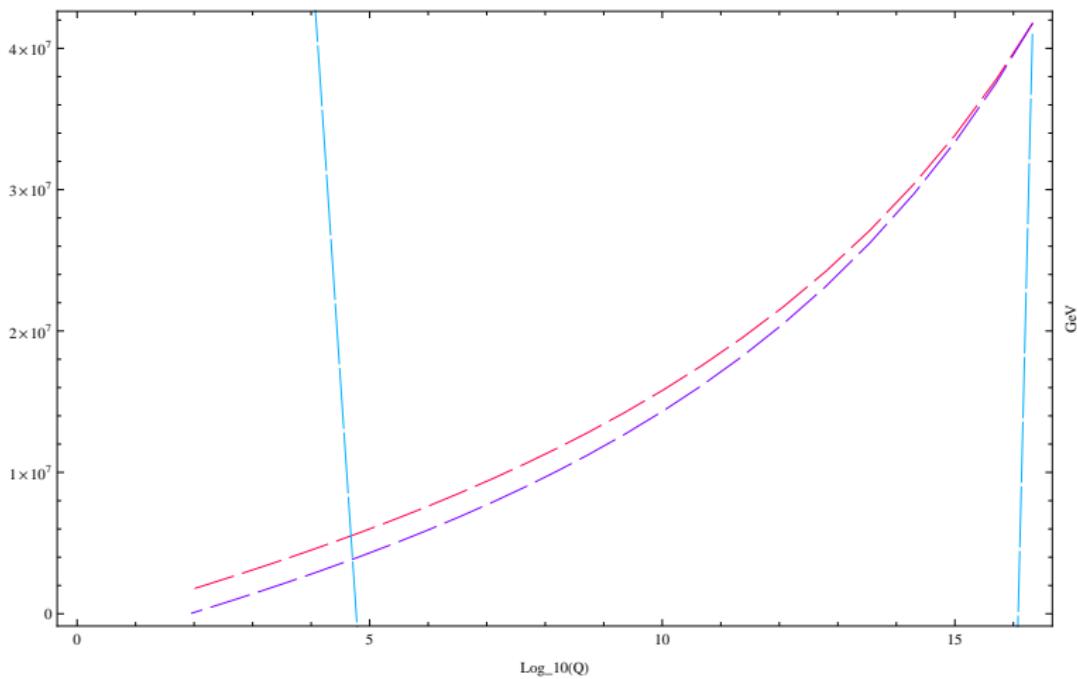


Figure : Right slepton masses

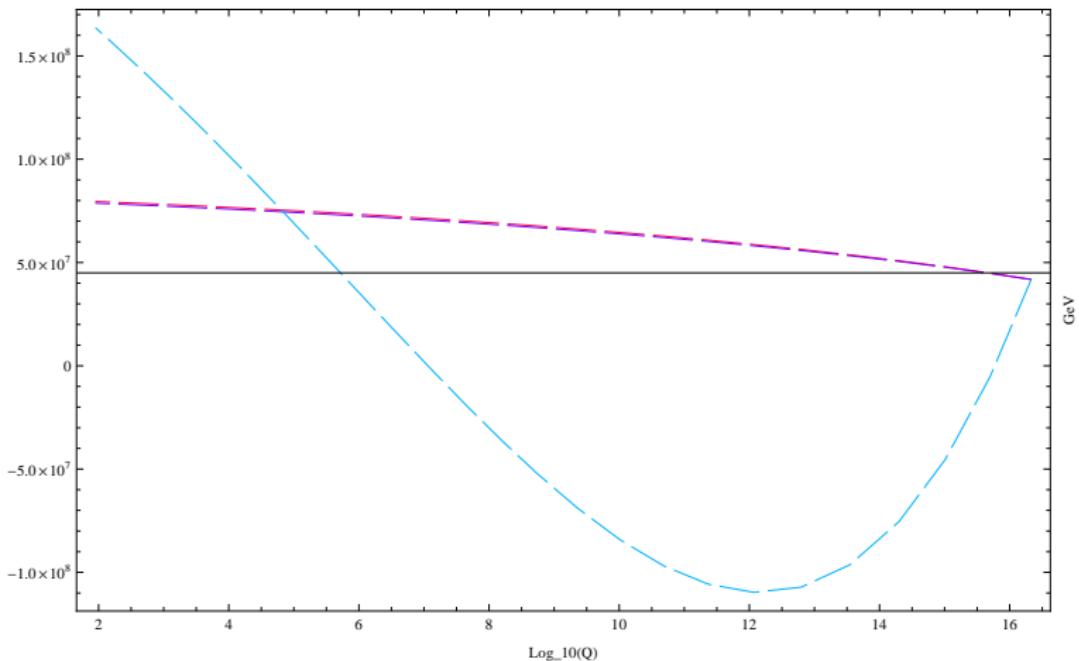


Figure : Left slepton masses

- Yukawonification : Gauge symmetry $SO(10) \times O(N_g)_F$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Matter} &: 16 - plets \quad \psi_A, A = 1..N_g \\
 \text{Higgs} &: \{\Phi, \bar{\Sigma}, \Sigma, H\}_{AB} = \{\Phi, \bar{\Sigma}, \Sigma, H\}_{BA} \\
 \text{NMSGUT} &: \Theta_{AB} = -\Theta_{BA}
 \end{aligned}$$

- Superpotential

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{GUT} &= \text{Tr}(m\Phi^2 + \lambda\Phi^3 + M\bar{\Sigma}.\Sigma + \eta\Phi.\bar{\Sigma}.\Sigma) \\
 &\quad + \Phi.H.(\gamma\Sigma + \bar{\gamma}.\bar{\Sigma}) + M_H H.H \\
 W_F &= \Psi_A.((hH) + (f\Sigma) + (g\Theta))_{AB} \Psi_B
 \end{aligned}$$

- SSB

$$\begin{aligned}
 W &= \text{Tr}[m(p^2 + 3a^2 + 6\omega^2) + 2\lambda(a^3 + 3p\omega^2 + 6a\omega^2)] \\
 &\quad + \text{Tr}[M\bar{\sigma}\sigma + \eta(p + 3a - 6\omega)\frac{(\bar{\sigma}\sigma + \sigma\bar{\sigma})}{2}]
 \end{aligned}$$

- Doublet Higgs $2N_g(N_g + 1)$ dim mass matrix

$$\mathcal{H} = \begin{pmatrix} -M_H & \bar{\gamma}\sqrt{3}\Omega(\omega - a) & -\gamma\sqrt{3}\Omega(\omega + a) & -\bar{\gamma}\Omega(\bar{\sigma}) \\ \gamma\sqrt{3}\Omega(\omega - a) & -(2M + 4\eta\Omega(a - \omega)) & \emptyset_d & -2\eta\sqrt{3}\Omega(\bar{\sigma}) \\ -\bar{\gamma}\sqrt{3}\Omega(\omega + a) & \emptyset_d & -(2M + 4\eta\Omega(\omega + a)) & \emptyset_d \\ -\gamma\Omega(\sigma) & -2\eta\sqrt{3}\Omega(\sigma) & \emptyset_d & (-2m + 6\lambda\Omega(\omega - a)) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Omega[V] = \begin{pmatrix} V_{11} & 0 & V_{12}/\sqrt{2} \\ 0 & V_{22} & V_{12}/\sqrt{2} \\ V_{12}/\sqrt{2} & V_{12}/\sqrt{2} & (V_{11} + V_{22})/2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Yukawa couplings :

$$Y_u = \begin{pmatrix} \hat{h}\hat{V}_1 + \hat{f}\hat{V}_4 & \hat{h}\hat{V}_3 + \hat{f}\hat{V}_6 \\ \hat{h}\hat{V}_3 + \hat{f}\hat{V}_6 & \hat{h}\hat{V}_2 + \hat{f}\hat{V}_5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Y_d = \begin{pmatrix} \hat{h}\hat{W}_1 + \hat{f}\hat{W}_7 & \hat{h}\hat{W}_3 + \hat{f}\hat{W}_9 \\ \hat{h}\hat{W}_3 + \hat{f}\hat{W}_9 & \hat{h}\hat{W}_2 + \hat{f}\hat{W}_8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Y_\nu = Y_u|_{f \rightarrow -3f} ; \quad Y_l = Y_d|_{f \rightarrow -3f}$$

$$\hat{h} = 2\sqrt{2}h \quad ; \quad \hat{f} = -4i\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}f$$

- \hat{V}, \hat{W} are the normalized right and left null eigenvectors of the mass matrix

- GUT F terms

$$\begin{aligned}
 2m(p - a) - 2\lambda a^2 + 2\lambda\omega^2 &= 0 \\
 2m(p + \omega) + \lambda(p + 2a + 3\omega)\omega \\
 + \lambda\omega(p + 2a + 3\omega) &= 0 \\
 M\sigma + \eta(\chi\sigma + \sigma\chi)/2 &= 0 \\
 M\bar{\sigma} + \eta(\chi\bar{\sigma} + \bar{\sigma}\chi)/2 &= 0 \\
 \bar{\sigma}\sigma + \sigma\bar{\sigma} &= -\frac{4}{\eta}(mp + 3\lambda\omega^2) \equiv F
 \end{aligned}$$

where $\chi \equiv (p + 3a - 6\omega)$

- D-terms for $N_g = 2$

$$\begin{aligned}
 |\sigma_{11}|^2 + |\sigma_{22}|^2 + |\sigma_{12}|^2 &= |\bar{\sigma}_{11}|^2 + |\bar{\sigma}_{22}|^2 + |\bar{\sigma}_{12}|^2 \\
 Re[\sigma_{12}^*(\sigma_{11} - \sigma_{22}) + \bar{\sigma}_{12}^*(\bar{\sigma}_{11} - \bar{\sigma}_{22}) + p_{12}^*(p_{11} - p_{22}) \\
 + 3a_{12}^*(a_{11} - a_{22}) + 6\omega_{12}^*(\omega_{11} - \omega_{22})] &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

Conclusions

- Susy SO(10) GUTs fit fermion data, give LSP CDM, Leptogenesis, calculable LFV, Inflation...
- Complete GUT-SSB specific calculations carried out
- Spectra specific NMSGUT fits of complete fermion data, predicted(2008) Mini-Split large A_0, μ, m_A, m_f, m_h with controlled exotics.
- Require $A_0 < 0, \mu > 0$ driven modification of fermion yukawas at M_S
- $d = 5$ proton decay operators controllable by novel mechanism: Threshold lowering of SO(10) Yukawas required to match MSSM yukawas.
- Dynamical Yukawonification ! reduces number of parameters by over 50%
- Novel scenarios ? Re-evaluation of (N)MSGUT constraints and no go's.